

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS

are inserted in these columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 15 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p. c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY

is offered to our Adleters Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE

are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (—), "The Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE

WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a suitable match of cultured and reformed views for a bachelor, well settled in life earning Rs. 500/- a month. Apply with photo and full particulars to I. I. & M. Association, 120, Kadam Kuan Road, Patna. (14055)

For very bright ambitious Bina Agarwal Bachelor 27, M.A., decently settled respected Zamindar family. Preference for really deserving, financially or otherwise proposals. Box No. 14029, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Hindu Brahmin (no sub-caste restriction whatever) officer of high rank for beautiful, educated and cultured lady of 22, also pretty-looking and educated bride for young man aged 32 and enjoying income of Rs. 500/- per month. Write Box No. 14054, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Solicitor Assistant. Apply Box No. 14056 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a qualified and experienced Mechanic for dial weighing bridges. Apply immediately with copies of testimonials and minimum salary acceptable to Upper Ganges Sugar Mills, Limited, Seohara E. I. Ry. (District Bilnor). (4057)

Employed or Unemployed. Sell your spare hours for respectable agency work. We offer 125. Free particulars Box 13992, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted An Experienced Spotter for a well-known Dry Cleaning firm at New Delhi, salary according to qualifications. Apply to Box No. 14010, "Bombay Chronicle."

Efficient persons, for Collection and Goods Supplying. Salary or Commission. Pharmaceutical Products. Hebrowman Company, Ambertip Building, Nagpada Junction. (14053)

Wanted candidates for station-master and signaller's course scholarship Rs. 30/- and Railway fare terms. Free quarter. Apply with 2 annas stamps The Director All India Railway Recruitment Training Institute, Delhi. (14053)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements
Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent

Insertions Rs. 4-8-0
Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

ALTERATION OF TELEPHONE NUMBER.

The Universal Fire & General Insurance Co., Limited.
Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Rd., Fort, Bombay.

New Telephone No. 30828
TWO LINES (4047)

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

THE LALUBHAI SAMALDAS PEOPLE'S CO-OPERATIVE BANK, LTD.

THE ADDRESS of the Kalbadevi and Fort Offices of the Bank, on and from 27th December, 1940, is R. B. BANSILAL MOTTILAL MANSIONS, 20, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. MANAGER. 4048

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the firm of Messrs. DOCTOR AND MHATRE, carrying on business as Architects and Surveyors at Bombay Mutual Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay has been DISSOLVED as from the 31st day of December, 1940. Mr. B. E. Doctor will henceforth carry on business in his own name at "Dhan-Nur", Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay. Mr. B. D. Mhatre will carry on business in the name and style of Messrs. B. Mhatre & Co at the Bombay Mutual Building, Fort, Bombay. Dated this 31st day of December, 1940. (Sd.) B. E. DOCTOR. (Sd.) B. D. MHATRE. 4050

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately a B.A. (Hons.) or B.A.B.T. for Goculdas Tejpal High School, Kalbadevi, Bombay. Apply personally to the Principal. Preference will be given to Gujaratis. (14048)

Matriculates and Graduates for Clerical and higher appointments for branch offices throughout India. Apply with stamp. The Manager, Garcons Syndicate, Ajmeri Gate, Delhi. (14012)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Indian Technical Institute, Connaught Place, New Delhi. City and Guilds, G.I.E.E. (London) Examination Courses in Civil, Electrical, Radio Engineering. Best Training. Short Periods. Prospectus Free. (13992)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS.

End Grey Hair "Isis" Herbal Hair Oil (Scented) prepared from an ancient Egyptian Formula turns grey hair black from the roots permanently, 5 oz phial Rs. 112/- Stockists:—Kemp & Company and all branches in Bombay. (14020)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Agents wanted: For Pocket Radio-Walnut Cabinet—U.S.A. make. IMOH: 37-G, Cannought Circus New Delhi. (14034)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

For proving genuine and forged writings and signatures it is officially asserted that there are no handwriting experts of the same skill and standing as Charles Hardless, Senior. Address 106, Bridge Street, Meerut. (13924)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTIES AT MINT ROAD FORT, OPP. KABUTAR KHANA.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Naimmal Pratapmal & Co. and Ors. the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagee Mulraj Virji, and pursuant to the power of sale conferred under the Indentures of Mortgage and subject to the Claim and other conditions stated in the conditions of sale, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction on Monday the 6th January, 1941, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) the undermentioned properties at the premises:—

1. All that piece of Freehold land admeasuring about 395 sq. yds. with dwelling house thereon situate to the East of Mint Road and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1218 of Fort division and Municipal "A" Ward No. 1940 (1) St. Nos. 9 to 15 and bounded on the North by the property of Keshavl Isar, on the South by the property of Vithaldas, on the East by the property secondly described, and on the West by Mint Road.

2. All that piece of Freehold land admeasuring about 246 sq. yds. with dwelling house thereon, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 121 of Fort division, and Municipal "A" Ward No. 1940 (2) St. No. 119A and bounded on the East by a Sikh Temple, on the West by the property first above described, on the North by the property of Keshavl Isar, and on the South by the property of Goverdhandas Khetsey.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the above-mentioned Solicitors or to the undersigned.

Under instructions from Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhai & Co., Attorneys for Bai Sakarbai widow of Lakhmidas Jethabhai, the surviving transferee of Mortgage and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagee Valji Morarji Joshi, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction on FRIDAY, the 24th January, 1941, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) at the premises:

All that piece of Fanzadani land with building thereon situate at Narayan Dhru St., admeasuring about 222 sq. yds., bearing Municipal St. No. 99/2, and bounded on the North by the property of Memon Rahimtoola, on the South by the property of Govindram Brahamin, on the East by Narayan Dhru St., and on the West by the property of Sakarbai widow.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to M/S. Tyabji Dayabhai & Co., Solicitors or the undersigned.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mulla and Mulla attorneys for the Mortgagees and at the risk and on account of the Mortgagees Haji Noormohomed Haji Sale-mohomed and others and pursuant to the power of sale reserved under the Indenture of Transfer of Mortgage and Further Charge dated 3rd March, 1939, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction on WEDNESDAY, the 15th January, 1941, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) at the premises the following:

All that piece of land known as Plot No. 20 of the Agripada Estate of the Bombay Municipal Corporation and admeasuring about 971 Sq. Yds. with dwelling house standing thereon and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1626 of Byculla Division, Municipal Ward "E" No. 4106 (3) Street No. 9 Club Back Road, and bounded on the North by Road No. 9, on the East by plot No. 19 leased to Rustomji Muncherji Mistry, on the South by plot No. 12 leased to Hormusji Muncherji Kolah, and others, and on the West by plot No. 21 leased to Bai Rahimabai widow of Abdul Razak Haji Abdul Karim.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to the above mentioned Solicitors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

KRISHNA

(DUBASH THEATRE)

NARSI BHAGAT

Daily: 3, 6-15 and 9-30

16th WEEK

AN EVERGREEN RELEASE

THE SEASON'S SWELLEST LAUGH SHOW



NAVYUG'S
MERRIEST
MARITAL
COMEDY

'LAGNA PAHAWE KAROON'

(HUNT FOR A HUSBAND)

Directed by WINAYAK

STARRING:
DAMUANNA MALWANKAR
MATINEE TO-DAY: 1-15 P. M.

2ND WEEK
AT
NEW WEST END
DAILY: 4, 7, 10 P. M.

ZANANA SHOW

TO-MORROW 1-30 P. M.

(Marathi)

PRABHAT'S Popular Hit DNYANESHWAR

Directed By:
DAMLE & FATEHLAL
33rd WEEK at

CENTRAL
TO-DAY: MARATHI, 1-30 & 9-45 P. M.
HINDI: 4, 7 P. M.

MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2 P. M.
A PICTURE WITH A MESSAGE FOR THE NEW YEAR

3 Third Glorious Week
FILM CORPORATION'S SOCIAL

"QAIDI"

Starring:
RAMOLA, NANDREKER
LAMINGTON

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p. m.

★ TO-DAY MATINEE
At 1-45 p.m.
Wishing You

A HAPPY NEW YEAR!

In 1940, NEW THEATRES STOOD FIRST IN FILM-FARE & IN THE BEGINNING OF 1941, IT LEADS WITH "NARTAKI"

A Poem in Colluloid
WINNING MOUTH
TO MOUTH APPLAUSE!

'NARTAKI'

Starring:
LEELA DESAI,
NAJAM
JAGDEESH, PUNKAJ, WASTI, Etc.

2 Second Soulful WEEK

MINERVA
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p. m.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 1-45 p. m.

(ADVANCE BOOKING IN FULL SWING)

HINDMATA

VINCENT ROAD, PAREL
Daily at 4-30, 7 & 10 p. m.

TO-DAY EXTRA SHOW AT 2 P. M.

BOMBAY TALKIES' UNFORGETTABLE SOCIAL DRAMA

AZAD-AZAD

Starring:
LEELA CHITNIS
ASHOK KUMAR
HANSA
LAST THREE DAYS ONLY

THE EDWARD

KALBADEVI-DHOBI TALAO JUNC.
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

WORLD'S GREATEST COMEDIAN

LAUREL-HARDY

WERE NEVER MORE FUNNY THAN IN

FLYING DEUCES

LAST THREE DAYS ONLY

PICKING BANDS

For "WIT" Chrome Picking Bands, Leather Belting, Bohemian Type and Chrome Spring Buffers, Laces, etc., enquire: THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES, LTD., Dharavi, Bombay 17 (Phone 89041).

From FRIDAY, 3rd

January

SHOCK-A-SECOND-DRAMA
New UNIVERSAL'S

Thrilling Jungle Picture

SIMBA
SIMBA
SIMBA

A MILLION-OF-THRILLS

Commencing from
3rd Jan. 1941.

AT

SUPER
TALKIES

Every Tuesday ZANANA SHOW at 1 P. M.

SYMBOLISING

A Happy New Year...

BOMBAY TALKIES'

Lyrical Romance

Bandhan

TO-DAY: 1 p. m.
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.

ROXY

MINERVA



MOVIETONE

SENDS YOUR READERS NEW
YEAR'S GREETINGS, HUMELY
ASSURING UTMOST EFFORT IN
MAKING 1941 GREATER BY PRE-
SENTING "SIKANDAR" — ALEX-
ANDER THE GREAT.

SOHRAB MODI

PRAKASH PICTURE'S
COMING SOCIAL

MALA

ON 9TH JANUARY THURSDAY

Starring
ROSE, JAYANT,
JAIRAJ, M. NAZIR,
KHANJAR, HIRA

AT
IMPERIAL
LAMINGTON ROAD.
AN EVERGREEN RELEASE

EXAMPLE BETTER THAN PREPT:

President Removes Purdah' First Time In He Life

Dramatic Appeal To Women Delegates:
Satyavati Urges Equality In Stands Of
Morality For Both Sex

DHOLPUR, Dec. 30.
A vehement denunciation of the "Purdah" was made by Mrs. Satyavati presiding over the first Anti-Purdah Conference of Rajputana held in Indergarh yesterday.

Mrs. Satyavati said that women of Padmini's land were resolved not to labour any longer under such an intolerable yoke. To show that example was better than precept she said she would give a lead to others by unveiling herself for the first time in her life and this the President did amidst vociferous cheers of the women delegates. She added that a society which framed a double standard of morality—one for the men and another for women—stood self-condemned.

Resolutions supporting a country-wide campaign for the removal of "Purdah" and other social disabilities and favouring compulsory education for girls were adopted. The moral fervour of speeches evidently made a dramatic appeal to the women dele-

gates number about 5,000, who returned from the conference pandal displaying their veils, following the example of the President.—A. P.

WOMENURE TRAIN-ING IN CIVICS

BANGALORE, Dec. 30.
The fifth All-India Women's Conference included its three-day sessions evening after adopting a report on Civics Training. The report emphasises the importance of a knowledge of Civics and suggests that the Universities could make Civics an optional subject for degree examination.

V-PRESIDENTS
The following six ladies were declared elected Vice-Presidents of the Conference for the coming year: Lady Mirza Ismail, Lady R. Rau, Mrs. Vijjalakshmi Pa. Mrs. S. C. Mukarjee, Mrs. A. Swaminathan and Mrs. Sh. Mehta.—A. P.

Remove Blot Of Untouchability

A. I. Women's Conference
Decisions: Divorce & Marriage Issues

BANGALORE, Dec. 30.
The All-India Women's Conference which re-assembled this morning adjourned to meet again this afternoon after adopting the reports submitted by the Committees of the Conference on Untouchability and laws affecting marriage and divorce in India.

The Conference opined that Dr. Deshmukh's two bills on separation and divorce be dealt with in two separate bills.

The Conference urged that the custody of children be left to the discretion of the courts, the mother being given preference ordinarily.

Regarding the removal of the blot of untouchability the Conference considered it the duty of all Conference members to redouble their efforts for its removal.—A. P.

LUCKNOW, Dec. 30.
A fresh list of nearly 250 satyagrahis is reported to have been sent to the Provincial Congress Committee from the Kumaon Division here. It is further learnt over 1,700 persons have signed the Congress pledge.—A. P.

FREEREATMENT FOR ANG ANIMALS

Government Urged To Set Up Hospital And Dispensaries

Mr. Onji Rustomji Framji has asked a representation to the Government of Bombay, on the last free hospitals for animals, the city—a matter of great importance gravely neglected by the Government.

In memorial, he has submitted the one free hospital at Fafounded by the late Sir Dinshah Petit in memory of his wife, not fulfilling its propension in the sense, that fees demanded for the treatment of animals and as such, the charge purpose with which it was aided is frustrated.

Transstitution has enormous fund its disposal and apart from the Government is paying nearly Rs. 25,000 from recovered in court cases. Mr. Framji suggests that, if it is possible to extend free hospitalities to animals the least could be done is to admit locks of 'Khattarawallas' and 'ses of haca victorias' free of fee for medicine, treatment and dressing.

Further suggests that free dispensaries should be opened in localities where stables of bullocks and horses are located to provide intimate and necessary free treatment to ailing animals' under the care of qualified veterinary surgeons.

Requests the Government to exche a keener supervision over administration of charitable institutions, and he says that Government should withhold making the fixed sum of the imposed in cases involving ails and that the same might be utilised to provide means of treatment to ailing animals.

Ija Saheb Of Bilkha Entertained

Barshri Rawatwalla the Raja of Bilkha was entertained on Friday by Mr. Vandrawn G. S and Mr. Vithaldas J. Gandhi on behalf of the subjects of the Jha state at new Purohit Restaurant, Churchgate. About two hundred places were arranged for Darbar Saheb Rawatwalla and distinguished guests the new Purohit Restaurant.

DIABETES SUFFERERS!

1941

If years that passed have left you debilitated, the year that follows shall bring cheer unto you with ever lasting physical and consequent mental happiness. Many a "Diabetic" have experienced the transformation to new order of peaceful life, and forgot the agonies of previous years. Your turn is next and you will confirm by consulting.

DR. S. R. IYENGAR
Diabetes Specialist.
His treatment after personal study of each case ensures radical cure and unlike in several other cheap but doubtful offers, is reasonably costly.

Hours of Consultation.
a.m. to 11 a.m. and 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.
AT
SNEH SADAN, 1st Floor,
25A, Vincent Road,
Matunga (G. I. P.) BOMBAY.

BRITAIN'S GROWING FORCE OF ARMOUR FORMATIONS

Role Of Mechanised Cavalry

A Special Correspondent in the "Times" writes:—

The decisive victory of the Army of the Nile provides a timely opportunity to discuss some recent developments of British armoured formations. It is in this exhilarating atmosphere of achievement in the desert that the last few days with units of the Royal Armoured Corps. Its recent history is well-known. It represents the marriage of the cavalry and the old Royal Tank Corps and embraces all mechanised cavalry of the line and yeomanry. The Corps falls roughly into two types of formations, both taking part in the present operations in Libya—the self-contained, highly mobile armoured division and the slower and more heavily armoured army tank brigade which operates with infantry.

Various changes are now being made in the light of experience in France and the tendency is for the distinction between the two to become less pronounced. The fast cruiser tank of the armoured division will be given thicker plating, the infantry tank with its skirt of armour protecting its tracks will become more mobile. In any case the light cavalry tank, extremely fast, but thinly armoured, is already obsolescent and experts rally more and more to the opinion that a standard type of heavy tank is best suited to both branches of the Corps. At first the armoured division took on the traditional role of any cavalry or armoured formation. It now has its own support group in which all arms and ancillary services are included and its mission is to strike hard and swiftly deep into the enemy lines, racing through breaches in the front or working round the flanks just as the forces engaged in Egypt have done. Both the infantry tank and the cruiser are armed with an anti-tank two-pounder and the B.S.A. machine-gun and the machine of the future is likely to carry a gun of still greater muzzle velocity. Each carries a crew of four and wireless communication is maintained throughout down to the individual tank. Tanks operate in troops and squadrons, thus preserving the cavalry tradition, though there is a good deal of difference in the way they manoeuvre for position with the object of bringing the greatest possible number of guns to bear on the enemy. Neither of tank had a field and apart from a counter-attack at Arras, they were always on the defensive. It is significant, however, that the armoured division of the tanks was ever pierced by a German shell and in one action the remains of two battalions held an entire Panzer division from mid-day to dark and knocked out about 20 of the enemy. A good deal was heard at the time about German juggernauts of 70 or even 100 tons, but it is improbable that they had a tank of more than 36 tons in the field. No tribute is too high to pay to the skill and spirit of daring shown by the commanders and crews of this growing British Army of steel giants. It is not for nothing that the first tank was made in England.

NEW YEAR ECONOMY IN JAPAN

TOKYO. (By Air Mail)

Economy will be observed in connection with the celebration of the New Year's Day in Japan this time.

The Imperial Rule Assistance Association have asked the people to save the usual custom of sending New Year presents and greetings and give up the New Year Fire decorations.

They have further asked to give up the parties on the New Year's Eve and the New Year's Day and other social recreations, which are contrary to the spirit of the time—United Press.

Ankola News

(From Our Correspondent)

The President of the Karnataka Congress Committee, Mrs. Krishnabai Panikar, visited this place and delivered a public lecture in the "Grandi Maidan" on the 26th ult. It is understood that some of the local Congressmen have applied for permission to offer a Sagarabha.

Karnataka Grand Circus, Kurwad, opens its first show to a crowded house last night.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.	
Arr. Dep.	H.M.H.M.
Madras Mail	6:15 22:45
Peshwar Express	8:55 18:10
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	8:30 20:15
Calcutta Mail via Chhokki	8:30 20:15
Madras Express	10:15 18:30
Poona Mail	10:30 17:30
Punjab Mail	12:30 17:40
Nagpur Express	15:00 21:00
Poona Express	15:30 20:00
Allahabad Express	20:25 07:00
Poona Fast Passenger	21:45 15:10

B. B. and C. I. Railway.

Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.	
Arr. Dep.	H.M.H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	6:15 12:30
Delhi Express	06:00 22:15
Kathawar Mail	07:25 21:30
Gujarat Mail	06:45 22:00
Frontier Mail	06:15 21:15
*Mon. Sat.	
The Flying Rance, Surat	09:45 15:10
The Flying Rance, Sec. Except (Monday)	10:50 00:00
The Flying Rance, Surat (Except Saturday)	00:00 16:35
Ahmedabad Passenger	14:15 22:30
Kathawar Express	19:05 06:45
Baroda Passenger	20:40 09:00

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

SEX

Are you interested in sex? Do you want anything regarding sex? If so, please write to us. We have connections with the experts of this Science in the west and shall try our best to meet your wishes. Get out big free illustrated catalogue and increase your knowledge. Correspondence confidential.

Sexual Science Bureau.

No. 56, Anikani, P.O. Box 108, Lahore.

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1941	
Previous closing	10.37
Today's opening	10.39
Difference	+0.02
Today's closing	10.43
Difference	+0.04

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/August	Rs. 10.43
Broach July/August	Rs. 10.43

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1941	
Previous closing	8.13
Today's opening	8.32
Difference	+0.19
Today's closing	8.32
Difference	+0.19

New York and Liverpool markets are closed on the 1st January.

UTTER DISTRUST OF INDIANS

Begum Aizaz Rasul Denounces Govt. Policy

LUCKNOW, Dec. 29.

The whole policy of the British Government so far with reference to the army and the Indian army relating to defence has been founded upon an utter distrust of Indians and permeated with a determination to keep the Indian army as a tool of the British Empire. Nobody can assume that there is a change even now in spite of the tremendous impact of the war.

If England is not to dig a grave for herself as well as India, this spirit of distrust has to go, this trust must find expression in action. An ounce of performance is far better than a ton of promises, says Begum Aizaz Rasul, M.L.C., Deputy President of the U. P. Legislative Council, in the course of a statement to the Press.

Begum Rasul continues:—

If Englishmen want Indians to trust them, they must first trust Indians. And the way to do it is this. Let the Government encourage people to possess and learn to handle arms. The Arms Act should be worked in such a way as to make it easy for honest citizens to get arms.

The Civic Guards, of whom we hear so much and see so little, should not only be enrolled in very large numbers but must be properly armed. A possession of arms will be a great incentive for large numbers of the educated class to join. They should be trained as soldiers and should form a splendid recruiting ground for both men and officers of the Indian army.

The University Training Corps also which admits of considerable expansion could be effectively utilised for the same purpose. Indian capital should not only be allowed but encouraged to start factories for the production of small arms, aircraft and other things which should be started in India instead of our raw material being utilised to feed the Australian manufacturer of aeroplanes. These are only a few directions in which work can be started at once.

INADEQUATE DEFENCE MEASURES

It must be admitted that what is being done by the Government for the defence of the country is very inadequate. All that the Government want the people to do is to "pay and pray". The argument is often advanced as to what will happen if Nazis come to India. But the argument is not followed to the logical conclusion of doing something adequate to prevent Nazis coming to India. One must be an absolute simpleton to believe that a few lakhs of even a few crores of rupees that India can contribute to the various war funds and loans would keep the enemy away from our country or that the constant repetition of the formula that the Britishers are better masters than the Germans would help India in this hour of dire need.—A. P.

Signs Of Increasing Nazi-Soviet Tension

LONDON. (By Cable)

The "Daily Mail" New York correspondent cables:—

Increasing tension between Germany and Russia is being behind the reported moving of 300,000 German troops through Hungary towards Rumania according to reports from both Budapest and Bern sent to New York.

A clash between Nazi and Soviet troops, it is added, is not out of the question. Daniel Brighman, in a dispatch from Bern says that informed diplomatic quarters believe that this Russo-German tension regarding the Balkans is rapidly approaching a climax.

"Some military observers" he adds, "expect that Germany will make a move in the Greek campaign within the next few days."

"Things have gone so far in Albania that they believe that whether he wants to or not Hitler must now make some drastic move to get his partner out of his trouble."

"Since the 23rd different capitals in the Balkans have been reporting that German troops passing through Hungary are massing on the southern frontier of Rumania."

There were even some reports that several divisions had already crossed into Bulgaria, though whether they did this with Bulgarian permission remains obscure.

With the news of intensified troop movements in Bulgaria's direction things begin to look black.

"No one doubts for a moment that Turkey will implement her threat, made in October, that if Bulgaria modified her neutrality and allowed German troops across her territory, Turkish troops would occupy Eastern Thrace."

"And were Turkey to carry out this pledge as an answer to the German thrust against Greece, it is felt that adequate British aid to Turkey would immediately be forthcoming."

"In this connection Russia's demarches to Bucharest take on added significance."

"If Britain backs Turkey militarily and economically in a thrust toward to throw back the German, the Russian General Staff might take advantage of the occasion to thrust eastward against the seriously occupied German forces, military and diplomatic observers believe."

"In connection with the Russo-German tension, it is learnt that the Russian delegate to the (Axis-controlled) Danube Commission has dramatically resigned and announced his Government's intention not to participate in further meetings of that body."

YEAR'S RECORD OF COTTON PRICES

N. Y. March		Liverpool Bombay	
29 Dec. 1939	10-27	8-35	314
30 Dec. 1940	10-37	8-18	181/8

Diff. plus .10 less 17 less Rs. 132/8

DISCARD USE OF ENGLISH

Tandon Pleads For Hindi As "National Language"

The Prize distribution ceremony of the Hindi Prachar Sabha, performed at Bhavatsky Lodge this evening with Mr. Purushotamas Tandon, Speaker of U. P. Legislative Assembly, presiding.

Mr. Umashankar Dixit, in welcoming the guests, said that the names of Mr. Purushotamas Tandon and Pandit Amikprasad were unforgettable among those who worked for the spread of Hindi.

He also mentioned that the number of students appearing for the various examinations of the Sabha had steadily increased and next year's number was expected to be at least 3,000. The expenses for running their various centres were comparatively small, for most of the teachers worked in an honorary capacity.

ORIGIN OF HINDI

Tracing the origin of the word "Hindi", Mr. Tandon said, in his address that it was of Muslim origin. It was the Muslims who gave the name "Hindi" to India and called the inhabitants Hindus. Actually the India of those days was called "Aryavarta". There was enough evidence to prove that it was the writers of the Mogul period who coined the words "Hindi", "Hindu", and "Hindu". One curious feature of the writings of the Muslims of this period was that they used a large number of Sanskrit words. Sometime later emerged writers who abandoned a generous use of Sanskrit words and drew on Persian and Arabic words. By now the British had already entered India as traders, and their presence seriously enough synchronised with the beginning of the Hindi-Urdu conflict.

For anyone to protest that Hindi contained too many Sanskrit words, was as superfluous as to protest that Gujarati contained too many Sanskrit words. Both were the daughters of the same mother language, Sanskrit, and it would be strange if they did not do so.

CHARGE AGAINST CONGRESS

Mr. Tandon regretted that his resolution at the Amritsar Session of the Indian National Congress two decades ago, proposing that all the work of the Congress should be done in Hindi, was not carried. It showed that the leaders who opposed the resolution lacked true patriotism. This was inexcusable, as the large masses of India from village to village, clannish and illiterate, spoke the national language in the place of English. As regards its literature, the works of Tulsidas, Kabir and others showed their purity of sentiment, exalted emotions and idealism. Hindi literature compared well with the world's best literature.

DISCARD ENGLISH

It was true that provincial languages like Bengali, Gujarati, Marathi, etc., should be encouraged for all inter-provincial transactions. Hindi alone ought to be used, for it was the best-known of all languages derived from the ancient language of India, Sanskrit. English should be totally discarded in National life.

It was in pursuit of this ideal of popularising and spreading Hindi as the "lingua franca" of India that "Rashtrabhasha" or the national language of India would be composed of all the influences of the different provincial languages of India—Bengali, Gujarati, Urdu, Marathi, etc. It was absurd to suppose that this language would have an equal number of Sanskrit and Urdu words. Rather will it contain all the common words of all provincial languages.

Mr. Ambika Prasad Bajpai delivered the Convocation Address. He congratulated the prize winners. He told them that their reward for passing the examination was that they had thus equipped themselves a little more for national service. He said that the supposition that Hindi was a language made up of Persian and Arabic was wrong. It was the direct descendant of the ancient language of the Indians—Sanskrit. It was the "lingua franca" of India from the beginning.

He appealed to the students to spread their knowledge among those who needed it.

C. P. & BERAR TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. 50,00,000 (fifty lacs only) for three months' Government of the Central Provinces and Berar Treasury Bills will be received at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, Calcutta and Madras up to 1 p.m. (Standard Time) on Monday, the 6th January 1941.

Bills will be of the following denominations, viz. Rs. 25,000, Rs. 50,000, Rs. 1,00,000, Rs. 5,00,000 and Rs. 10,00,000.

Each tender should specify clearly the term of the Bills applied for, the nominal value of the bills required and the price per cent which the tenderer is prepared to pay expressed in rupees, annas and quarter annas only.

Successful tenderers will be required to make payment and take up their bills on Wednesday, the 8th January, 1941.

PROHIBITION RAID.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A prohibition raid was carried out last night at Shivaji Hotel, Dadar, when some bottles of rum and several empty beer bottles were seized on the premises.

The usual bogus customer ruse was employed and the seller was caught vending rum after stipulated hours and unauthorized. It is alleged the business has been going on for a long time but the section police had failed to detect so far.

Deputy Inspector Dongre with his assistants was in charge of the raid.

BOMBAY COTTON

Ruthless Aggressive Selling By Speculators

Bombay, Dec. 31.

The year closes to-day with a net decline of about Rs. 132 in Broach A/M cotton prices against a rise of 10 points in New York as a net result of year's working.

At the beginning of the year the local market was overbought while today it is oversold. This shows that when an important part is being played by speculators in Bombay market. To them there is no statistical or industrial consideration and they merely rely on their capacity of manipulation of the market. They are always in the habit of overdoing things and play havoc. There is no restriction on their activities but they forget that cotton has its own value and if members are called upon to furnish statements of open business, it will be found that lakhs of bales at sold without possessing an ounce of cotton.

In sympathy with a rise of 8 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened today at Rs. 185 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 184/1 under scattered buying but the ruthless aggressive selling soon appeared and prices declined to Rs. 182/12.

Later on there was no business and prices fluctuated in a narrow range. The market is demoralised and buyers do not care to enter the market. There was scattered selling and prices further declined to Rs. 182. The local market discards improvement in New York when now it reacts, local operators look for further decline in Bombay. But when the market becomes liquidated it will be impossible to find sellers to cover short sales.

The market closed at 2 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	Rs. 181 8 0
Broach J/A	187 0 0
Omra D/J	152 4 0
Omra March	153 12 0
Omra May	155 12 0
Bengal D/J	126 4 0
Bengal March	127 12 0

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec. 30

January 10.25+07

March 10.37+08

May 10.34+11

Middling Spot not yet received

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Dec. 30

January 10.25+08

March 10.43+09

May 10.39+11

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Dec. 30

Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports not yet recd

Day's exports to Great Britain 5,315

Day's exports to the Continent 14

Day's exports to China and Japan 14

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Dec. 30

December 8.15+08

January 8.15+05

March 8.15

May 8.12+01

July 8.07+01

October 7.92-02

Middling Spot not yet received.

11 A.M. QUOTATIONS

March 8.17

LONDON SILVER

London, Dec. 30

Spot 23 1/16

Forward 23 1/8

LONDON GOLD

London, Dec. 30

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8-5 0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Dec. 30

T. T. London on— 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

New York 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

Madrid 4.50

Montreal 4.54 1/2

Berne 17.30/17.40

Stockholm 16.85/16.95

Prices of London stocks are not yet received.

PEPPER AND GINGER

Bombay, Dec. 31

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.)

Pepper ready Alleppey per 75 8 0

Pepper Maha Sud 15 per candy 76 0 0

Pepper Chattri Sud 15 per candy 78 4 0

Ginger bleached per cwt 15 8 0

Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt 14 4 0

Ginger Chattri Sud 15 per cwt 14 12 0

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, Dec. 31

Linseed May 4 7 4

Wheat January 4 7 0

Wheat May 4 6 6

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, Dec. 31

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt. 13 10 0

Shipment December Rs. 8-10-0 P. B. H.

Shipment March Rs. 8-9-0 P. B. H.

Indian sugars ready—

Ready (ordinary) Rs. 13-5-0 to 13-12-0

Ready (large grain) Rs. 13-15-0 to 14-5-0

Tone—Steady.

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS.

Bombay, Dec. 31

Castor seeds May—

Opening 18 5 0

Highest 18 12 0

Lowest 18 5 0

Closing 18 11 6

Cottonseeds January—

Opening 18 5 0

Highest 18 12 0

Lowest 18 5 0

Closing 18 10 0

DRY WEATHER IN COUNTRY PERSISTS

POONA, Dec. 31

The weather has been dry except for local rain in Assam. The chief amount of rainfall are: Dibrugarh three quarters, Tezpur half and Gauhati quarter. Temperature have risen locally in northern India. For January evening: A few light showers are likely along and near the North-West Frontier and in Assam. Temperature will rise further locally in northern India.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 31-12-1940.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours—0.02 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 71.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 65.8 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 87.0 degrees (1.5 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 67.4 degrees (0.3 below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 74 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 2 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 109 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 17 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at

BRANCHES:		
Ahmedabad (Bhadra)	Dabhoi Dwarka	Patan Patoda
Ahmedabad	Harij	Pondicherry
Bombay (Bhamburda)	Kanpur	Sakindia
Amreli	Kaloi	Sidpur
Bhavnagar	Kapadvanj	Surat
Baroda	Kharva	Vunagar
Bombay	Mehsana	(N. G.)
Calcutta	Nawari	Yerra

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—
Interest allowed at the rate of 12 per cent per annum on deposits of daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000, by special arrangement. Deposits may be made at any time and up to Rs. 5 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for long or short periods. Terms on application.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT at BARODA.
Rates of rentals on application.

W. G. GUJAL
General Manager.

We also take the opportunity of wishing All Our Customers
A Very BRIGHT and A HAPPY NEW YEAR.
THE MODERN HOME SERVICE.

Transfer Of Nizam's Territory Opposed

MADURA, Dec. 30.

A resolution opposing the transfer of any territory to the Nizam of Hyderabad was unanimously passed by the All-India Hindu Mahasabha Conference last night. The resolution "inter alia" emphatically protested against and disapproved the "strenuous and widespread agitation" that Berar, Northern Circars, and ceded Districts should be handed to the Nizam and wanted an assurance from the British Government that the said territories would not be handed over to the Nizam or any other power.—A. P.

"I am glad to know that members of our movement have joined the Army, Navy and the Air force, and that some are actually at the war fronts. Those of you who are not old enough to join up have trained yourselves in First Aid, A.R.P. and messenger work, and your services have already been made use of in several Provinces and States. You have also collected from among yourselves a substantial contribution for the work of the Indian Red Cross Society.

"I want you all, cubs, scouts,

You must not *let* yourself get run-down. Drink Bovril regularly — and particularly when you get tired, or cold, or depressed. It will invigorate and cheer you up at once. More than that—Bovril helps you to get *full* nourishment from your food, and so keeps you well and active and strong.

The South India Harijan Workers' Conference will be held at 9.30 a.m. on the 7th and 8th of January, 1941, at Kangeri Gurukula Ashram, near Bangalore, under the presidency of Srimati Rameshwari Nehru, Vice-President of All-India Harijan Sevak Sangha.

The delegates are requested to bring with them warm clothing, bedding and intimate articles for their stay. They will be met on their arrival to Sjt. T. Ramachandra, Secretary, Mysore State Harijan Sevak Sangha, Malleswaram, Bangalore.

METRO
DAILY AT 3:30-6:30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

LAST 2 DAYS!



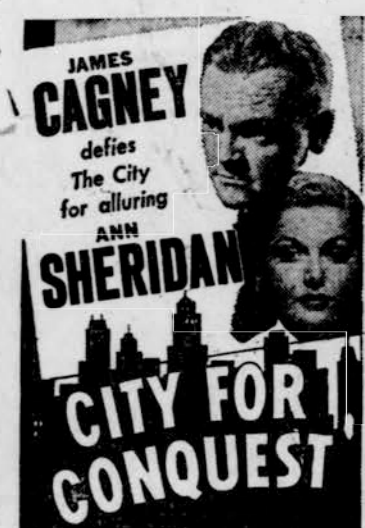
THIS MORNING!
AT 10 A. M.
LAUREL & HARDY
IN
"SONS OF THE DESERT"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

2ND WEEK!



Colman Rogers
Jack Carson
Cecilia Loftus
Harry Davenport
Hugh O'Connell
with
SPRING BYINGTON
JACK CARSON
CECILIA LOFTUS
HARRY DAVENPORT
HUGH O'CONNELL
RKO RADIO Picture

NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.



FRANK CRAYTON - DONALD CRISP - FRANK BRIDGES - LUTHER KENNEDY
An ANATOL LITVIN Production - A WARNER BROS. First Nat'l Picture
Script by John W. Hyatt - From the Broadway Show "City for Conquest" - Story by Max Glazer

EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

REGAL At 4, 6-30
& 10 p.m.



A UNIVERSAL PICTURE
TO-DAY: 10-30 A.M.
Special POP-EYE and
BETTY BOOP Show

Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL

ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Sud 4, 1947
Muslim: Zilhej 3, 1399
Parsi: Tir 29, 1310
Hightide: 2:14, 14:15
Lowtide: 8:25, 19:57
Sunrise: 7h. 12m.
Sunset: 6h. 12m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH
MOOLJI-GULAMALI CASSUM (ADVO-
cate), expired yesterday. Funeral will start
at 11 a.m. today, the 1st Jan., 1941, from
Radhanivas, Dadseth Road, Chowpatty,
Bombay.

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4-15, 7, 10 p.m.
Matinees at 1-30 p.m. on
Sat., Sun. & Holidays.

Held Over 4th Grand
Over WEEK
CIRCO'S
Royal Jewel No. 15

DEEPAK

Direction:
KHOSLA

Featuring:
Prithviraj
ASHALATA,
SUMAN,
VATSALA,
KUMTHEKAR,
ANANT,
MARATHE.



The Picture which reminded a
LADY PRINCIPAL of the famous
"CITADEL."

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30
& 10 p.m.



with JUDITH ANDERSON
RITA JOHNSON
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Forty Little Mothers" Daily at
4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Seven Sinners". Daily at 4, 6-30
and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Third Finger, Left Hand". Daily
at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"City for Conquest". Daily
at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Lucky Partners". Daily at
4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Woman". Daily at usual
time.
PATHE—"Puja". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10
p.m.
ROXY—"Bandhan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10
p.m.
WEST END—"Lagna Pahawe Karoon". Dal.
ly at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINEIRA—"Nartaki". Daily at 4-30, 7-15
and 10 p.m.
MAESTRO—"Punarmilan". Daily at 4, 7
and 9-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Deepak". Daily at 4-15, 7 and
10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sneha Bandhan". Daily
at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dyaneshwar". Daily at 4, 7
and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Flying Deuces". Daily at 4,
6-30 and 10 p.m.
HINDMATA—"Azad-Azad". Daily at 4-30, 7
and 10 p.m.
LAWINGTON—"Qaidi". Daily at 4-30, 7-15
and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Narsi Bhagat". Daily at 3,
6-15 and 9-30 p.m.

SOUTH INDIAN BHAJANA SAMAJ
Harikatha Kakkepan on "Bhakta
Dhruva" by Sri Sri Guna Raja Bhagavathar
of Dharpuram, at 8 p.m. today (Wednes-
day).

ATIYA BEGUM FOUNDATION SCHOOL
The Hon. Mr. Madan, Adviser, to the Gov-
ernment, will visit the school to-morrow
(Thursday) at 1-45 p.m. at 43, Harvey Road,
Chowpatty. Atiya Begum will submit the
scheme for a Muslim Women's University.
All interested will be cordially welcomed.

PUBLIC MEETING
A public meeting will be held at Chow-
patty, to-day (Wednesday) at 5:30 p.m. un-
der the auspices of the All-India Students'
Federation. Mr. M. L. Shah, General Secre-
tary of the Federation, will speak on "I
accuse the Communists of disruption of the
All-India Students' Conference at Nagpur
and challenge Dr. Ashraf and his Commu-
nist friends to prove me wrong."

GURU GOBIND SINGH'S BIRTHDAY
The birthday anniversary of Guru Gobind
Singh will be celebrated by Guru Singh Sa-
hin on Jan. 4 and 5. A procession will start
from the Gurdwara at Feroz Road at 1-30
p.m. on Jan. 4 and passing through the
main bazars will terminate at 6-30 p.m. at
Azad Maidan. On 5th inst. hymns will be
sung and lectures delivered from early in
the morning till late in the afternoon.
Free lunch will be served from the Guru's
kitchen.

MASS SPINNING DEMONSTRATION
Publicity Secretary of the Khadi and
Village Industries Exhibition writes—
Under the auspices of the Khadi and
Village Industries Exhibition, a Mass
Spinning Demonstration will be held to-
day (Wednesday) at 5 p.m. (S. T.),
at the Congress House—Compound.
Those desirous to participate are re-
quested to be present at the Congress
House at 5 p.m. (S. T.), with Charkha
or Takli and spindles.
On Friday, the 3rd inst., the Khadi
and Village Industries Exhibition will
remain open between 2 and 5 p.m. (S.
T.), for ladies exclusively.



Spinning competition at Congress House, Bombay.

Khadi & Village Industries Exhibition

AT
Jinnah Hall
To-day's (Wednesday) Programme
4-30 to 5-30 p.m. (S. T.): National
Songs by Smt. Monghiben Kantan-
wala and her Party.
5-30 to 6 p.m. (S. T.): Flute by
Shri Keshav Dhorde.
6-30 to 7 p.m. (S. T.): Violin by
Shri Chandrakant Desai.
7 to 7-30 p.m. (S. T.): National
Songs by Shri Nandlal Joshi.
7-30 to 8 p.m. (S. T.): Music by
Shri Madhukar Desai.
Exhibition Time: 4 to 8 p.m.
(S. T.).
Entrance Fee: One Anna only.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)
Yesterday morning a bullock cart and a
private car collided at the junction of Hill
Rd. and Pali Rd., causing injuries to the
bullock, while the car driver escaped. The
car was damaged badly, while all the arti-
cles in the cart were thrown on the road-
way.

HAPPY NEW YEAR
To-day I take this opportunity of wish-
ing all my readers a happy and prosperous
New Year. The year 1940 was a very pro-
gressive year for the Suburbs. In spite of
war during the year there was a good build-
ing boom throughout the Suburban area.
During the year several changes have tak-
en place for the better. From Municipal re-
views it will be noticed that education has
made some progress. There is, I understand,
a decrease in the death rate while the birth
rate has increased considerably. Plague and
smallpox hardly made their appearance.

GOLD WORKERS' STRIKE ENDS

The General Secretary, Gold and Silver
Workers' Union, writes that the strike of
the Chitra Bazar gold workers has been
amicably settled, through the efforts of
Ganapati Balvaidya, Bhagwan Samaj, on
the 11th day of the strike when 100 cases
against two strikers are to be withdrawn.
An agreement to this effect in writing was
reached.

"India's Democratic Traditions"

P. E. N. PUBLIC LECTURE
The well-known historian, Prof. Radhak-
mud Mookerji, Head of the Department of
Indian History of Lucknow University,
M.L.A. (General), will lecture under the
auspices of the P. E. N. All-India Centre
to-morrow (Thursday) at 6-15 p.m. on "In-
dia's Democratic Traditions." The Mayor of
Bombay, Shri. Mathuradas Triumjee, will
preside over the meeting, which will be held
at the R. Guna Oriental Institute, 33,
Apollo Street, Fort. The public are invited.

Congress Storm Relief Fund

The Treasurer, C.S.R.C. writes—
The Congress Storm Relief Fund has now
reached the total of over Rs. 85,000.
All contributions to the Congress Storm
Relief Fund should be sent to the Congress
Storm Relief Committee, Congress House,
Bombay 4.
Following subscriptions have been received:
—Rs. 2,212/0/9 through Thana Distt. Con-
gress Storm Relief Committee; Rs. 894/13/6
through Bulsar Distt. Satsangha Committee;
Rs. 97/9 Box collections through Thana
Distt. Cong. Storm Relief Committee;
Rs. 4/13 The National Industrial Works
Coupon Collections—Rs. 10 Dr. G. P. Ka-
na and others (each); Rs. 5 Sjt. D. S. Nad-
karni and others (each); Rs. 5 Sjt. M. R.
Patel and others (each). Total Rs. 3,674/4/3.
Previously acknowledged Rs. 85,068/11/11.
Grand total Rs. 88,732/13/2.

Thana Catholic Association

The Hon. Secretary T. C. A. writes—
The following were the lucky programme
numbers drawn by Mrs. D. Modak, wife of
the Collector and District Magistrate and
the President of the Women's War Relief
Association, Thana Distt., at the 9th an-
nual X'mas Tree and Sports, held under
the auspices of this Association on Christ-
mas Day. The proceeds are to be donated
to the Red Cross Society—
1st Prize No. 332, 2nd Prize No. 360; 3rd
Prize No. 241; 4th Prize No. 409; 5th Prize
No. 16.
Those possessing the above numbered pro-
grammes may claim their prizes from Mr.
Eddie M. Alvarez, the Hon. Secretary, T.
C. A. War Gifts Fund Committee on or be-
fore the 15th Jan. 1941.

FOR KALYAN M.L.A.
A farewell function will be held in hon-
our of Mr. Kanji Govind Keron, M.L.A., by
the Merchants' Association, Kalyan, at 4-30
p.m. to-day, at Jehangir Wadia Building,
opp. Flora Fountain. All questions are wel-
come.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS
A public meeting for Questions and An-
swers, preceded by a short talk on "Happy
New Year" will be held to-day (Wednesday)
at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building,
opp. Flora Fountain. All questions are wel-
come.

FAREWELL TO FIRST SATYAGRAHI
(From A Correspondent)
KALYAN: Dec. 31.
A farewell function was held at hon-
our Sjt. Kanji Govind Keron, M.L.A., the
first Satyagrahi from Kalyan, by the
Kalyan community at the place of
Mr. G. M. Haridas.



Mr. Rama Chandra, I.C.S.,
who has been appointed In-
dia's High Commissioner in
South Africa, in succession to
Sir B. Rama Rau.

THE LATE ZAHRA BEGUM FYZEE

Distinguished Muslim Woman Educationist

Zahra Begum Fyzee who died
on Monday last at her residence,
Villa Atiya, Bombay, belonged to
a distinguished Muslim family of
intellectuals. She was 74 years of
age and concerned herself all
throughout her lifetime with
literary pursuits and was respect-
ed by scholars for her Urdu books
and poems.

In 1905 she presided at the first
All-India Muslim Ladies' Confer-
ence in Aligarh, was a co-ed-
tress of the Muslim women's
weekly "Khatun" in Aligarh, was
a co-founder of Khatoon Store in
Aligarh which patronised and
helped the sales of the finest tra-
ditional hand embroidery of the
Muslim classical period. The
following two years the Confer-
ences were repeated, the outcome
of which was the present great
Muslim Girls' College at Aligarh.
Her presidential address was an
admirable piece of literature ad-
vocating a Muslim Women's Uni-
versity with Arabic, Persian and
Urdu languages, and the valuable
course of useful instruction and
contacts with Islamic countries
for the regeneration of Indian
Muslims.

A Unique Society

In 1907 she founded the "Baz-
me' Fasahat", which was a unique
society, kept alive by chain cor-
respondence and letters with the
four great Arabic and Urdu schol-
ars of the time, H. H. Sultan
Jehan, the late Ruler of Bhopal,
Mohammedi Begum Saheba Mum-
taz Ali, editress and founder,
"Tahzeebe Niswan", Lahore,
Begum Suhrawardy of Calcutta, and
Abroo Begum, sister of Maulana
Abul Kalam Azad. The influence
of this society extended far and
wide. "Bazame' Fasahat" lasted
for about twenty years, diminish-
ing gradually as each scholar
passed away. The ideal of the
language retained by the "Bazame'
Fasahat" was that of the Fasana-
i-Azad.

Zahra Begum was the author of
11 books and two dramas called
"Abul Hassan" and "Malkhatun",
which were staged about forty
years ago by the girls of the
family with memorable success.
She has written several books
which are unpublished. She was
a widely travelled lady, visiting
America, Europe and Asia, and
used her experiences for the ben-
efit of all. She leaves behind her
her sisters, Nazli Rafiya Begum of
Janjira, Atiya Begum, Drs. A. H.
and A. A. Fzee in London, and A.
Kamal Fyzee (brothers). Her loss
is irreparable to the country.

SETH HEMRAJ ANANDILAL CONGRA-
TULATED

(From A Correspondent)
Seth Hemraj Anandilal, a well-known bu-
sinessman of Bombay, who has been recently
made a J.P., was warmly congratulated at
a representative gathering of cotton mer-
chants and other prominent businessmen on
Sunday last at Kandivli.
The gathering was concluded after pas-
taking dinner.

A CLASSIC PRODUCTION WINS CLASSIC SUCCESS

NATIONAL STUDIOS'
MIGHTY NEW PICTURE

PUJA

Directed by A. R. KARDAR



Correct to the great
traditions of Indian
Dramatic Art, PUJA
offers you a satisfying
story with the elements
of tragedy and comedy
developing step by step
to a grand climax
which leaves you
breathless.
Public appreciation of
this great emotional
drama has been marked
by packed audiences for
every show.

Starring:

SARDAR AKHTAR and SITARA

With
ZAHUR RAJA, JYOTI, SANKATHA PRASAD, SATISH,
SUNALINI DEVI, BHUDO ADVANI
and others

PATHE

3-30, 6-30, 10 p.m.

GREETINGS!

--To the New Year

of Hope and Promise

--From these two

youthful hearts that

lived on Hope and

won with Faith.

SNEHAPRABHA

and

KISHORE SAHU

in

BOMBAY TALKIES'

SONG-AND-DANCE

DRAMA

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

TO-DAY: 1-30 p.m.



MAJESTIC

She Waited -

And Waited - -

For The Letter - - -

--And Then She Decided

HER DECISION Set 3

Souls Ablazing

GREAT INDIA PICTURES'
Social Play That Is Different

Snehabandhan

INTAZAR

★ ★ ★

Featuring

BIBBO, E. BILLIMORIA,

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MESSENGERS OF GOODWILL

In the present welter of political deadlocks and communal discords, of Hindu-Muslim and separatist demands, the All-India Women's Conference represents a veritable haven of unity and hope. While their menfolk are fighting over paltry, parochial issues on a hundred platforms and making the welkin ring with their challenges and ultimatums, the women of India, foregathered last week at Bangalore from east and west, north and south to deliberate over the future not only of their own sex but also of their country and even of the world of which it forms a part. Hindus and Muslims, Parsis and Christians, representatives of British India and the Indian States, aristocrats and intellectuals—it was a sight to see the women of India meeting together on a common ground, inspired by common ideals and striving for the good of them all. During the fourteen years of its existence, the Conference has not only woven a fabric of solidarity but also created a new consciousness of their rights and duties among the women of India. The message of their annual sessions reaches every nook and corner of the country and acts as a leaven to the Indian feminist movement, which is spontaneously taking shape even in the remotest and benighted districts. By championing the rights, by articulating the grievances and by labouring to raise the educational and social status of India's women irrespective of caste, creed and province, the Conference has created a unique place for itself in the public life of this country.

For Peace And Freedom

The Conference normally eschews political problems. This does not mean, however, that the women of India are not interested in the political advance of India or that they are unconcerned about the terrible struggle that is going on in Europe at present. They would have been, indeed, falling in their duty had they remained silent at the present juncture in world history and the Bangalore session did well in passing a forthright resolution on the

present international situation. The Conference expressed its distress at the continuance of war and exhorted women of all nations to throw in the full weight their moral force on the side of permanent world peace. But such an enunciation of its policy would have proved barren had not the Conference followed it to its logical conclusion. The conference, therefore, recognised that there could be no world peace until India and all other such nations attained their liberty, the first logical step towards the attainment of the ideal for which Britain had declared she was at war. The Conference also stressed its belief in the efficacy of non-violence as the only means of bringing about universal peace. Mrs. Rameswari Nehru, who presided over the Conference, rightly averred that non-violence was inbred in an Indian woman. "She carried its impress on her soul. The tradition in which she was brought up, the privation she had to go through in life, the 'sanskars' with which she was born, or her inherited genius, all made her a suitable medium for the expression of non-violence." This can be, indeed, said to be true of women all the world over though their voice has proved unavailing so far.

Richly Deserved

Compliment

In her presidential address Mrs. Nehru gave a survey of the work done by the Conference so far and formulated its programme for the next year. Referring to the Satyagraha movement she observed: "We as women struggling for our own freedom cannot help raising our voices against suppression or oppression in all spheres." Again the resolution on communal unity coming as it does from an organisation which is untainted by the factional virus, has its lesson for the country. The Bangalore session of the All-India Women's Conference thus discharged not only its immediate duties but also served as a beacon of hope and enlightenment. In his message to the Conference, Sir Mirza Ismail rightly hailed the members of the Conference as messengers of goodwill in India. That compliment is richly deserved by Indian women.

Changing Tune?

A Japanese newspaper has responded rather bravely to President Roosevelt's "fireside" broadcast. Its comments do undoubtedly prove, at any rate, its verbal loyalty to Japan's Axis Allies. But the real clue to Japan's present international mood is furnished more authoritatively by Dr. Itoh, her Minister of Information. Dr. Itoh, in his interview, loyally emphasizes Japanese alliance with the Axis, but is noticeably meek in his reference to Britain and America. He cannot, of course, openly renounce Japanese "minimum demands necessary for Japan's existence"—which, as is well known, means that the rest of Eastern Asia should immediately cease to exist—but he hopes to persuade America and Britain into sympathising with them! This is neither the language nor the tone of the Axis-Japanese Pact. But it is not surprising. Japan has failed to bully and bluff Britain and particularly America. She dare go no further. Moreover, her plight in China appears now to be definitely beginning to be hopelessly desperate.

This view has been simultaneously corroborated by two sources. The "Red Star", the organ of the Soviet Army, believes that the Sino-Japanese war will exhaust Japan and that "the fighting ability

of the Chinese Army has increased in the past year". It is very interesting to note that the paper attributes this fact partly to the opening of the Burma Road by Britain. But, infinitely more significant than even the authoritative opinion of the "Red Star" is the admission by no less a person than Colonel Mabutsi, Chief of the Press Department of the Japanese War Office itself. The "Nichi Nichi Shimbun", an important Japanese paper, publishes a literally sensational article by Colonel Mabutsi, in which in addition to discounting the value of the Axis-Japanese Pact, he pays an unqualified tribute to the value of the Chiang-Kai-Shek's supporters and very definitely asserts that the Chiang-Kai-Shek regime will perish but that it is Chiang-Kai-Shek's situation rather than Japan's which will improve. The article, by the way, has been quoted by all Moscow papers. Many questions arise out of all this. How does it happen that an important paper publishes such an article in a virtually totalitarian country like Japan and, even more important, how does it happen that a very responsible official of the Japanese War Office comes to write the article? Another question is: Why has the Moscow press suddenly become the publicity agent of Chiang-Kai-Shek?

A Stirring Lead

In announcing the decision of the prominent Ahrar leaders to join the Indian National Congress, Maulana Daud Ghaznavi, General Secretary of the Majlis-i-Ahrar, observes that the time has now come for working through one united political organisation for the political emancipation of India. Nothing can be truer and this striking remark should form the motto of all those who are interested in the future of India. The Ahrar leaders' decision comes at a time when the

country seems to be torn by a spirit of sectionalism, and it is all the more courageous and welcome for that. There was never any doubt about the patriotism of the Ahrars and during the last ten years of their independent existence they have always been ready to take their full share of work and sacrifice in the national cause. But strong as the separatist Ahrar Party has been, it will be stronger still as an integral organ of the Indian National Congress and it will make the Congress

Although the general outline of what is happening in Europe's northern democracies is clear to everyone, many details of Nazi technique and Scandinavian struggles and submission, both in the countries occupied by Germany and in those technically out of the war, have not been widely reported.

Last March the Swedish Government was compelled to establish three internment camps for refugees and prominent anti-Nazis. Categorical demands for this step had been voiced by Germany first, when significantly she increased the staff of the Stockholm Nazi Legation from a mere fifty to a hundred and fifty officials.

Drastic curbs on the traditional freedom of the press have afflicted the Swedish people, thanks to German pressure, ever since the beginning of the war. No Swedish paper can openly criticise the Hitler regime, while more than sixty publications had to be suspended, their publishers sometimes receiving jail sentences of from one to three months. Germany has become Sweden's censor.

Not even as prominent a citizen as the wife of Gustave Moller, the Swedish Minister of Trade and Commerce, and one of Scandinavia's outstanding social reformers and administrators, was spared this fate and had to spend considerable time behind bars. Ture Nerman, former Communist but for some time a prominent member of the Swedish Social Democratic Party, suffered a similar fate as a consequence of German intervention.

It has been possible for Germany to establish even the Swedish standards for a blacklist of political literature, proscribing publication of the works of Rauschning, author of *The Voice of Destruction*, all official releases of the British Legation in Stockholm, as well as the writings of Harold Nicolson, Britain's famous diplomatist and Member of Parliament, and Otto Strasser, Hitler's fiery opponent and advocate of anti-Hitlerite nationalism on a Socialist basis.

Germany's military advances had a throttling effect on Sweden's economy, virtually transforming the latter into one of Germany's dependencies, and causing the loss of her customers in both Britain and the United States. At the same time, this situation "counts for a lack of imports" in the west.

Sweden needs coal. Germany only supplies it in exchange for further political concessions. Thus Sweden is being driven from pillar to post. Germany's last demands included payment by Sweden for her imports from Germany in gold and foreign currency, while Germany merely has to supply other commodities in payment. Russia naturally followed suit, clamouring for transportation in the police forces and elimination of anti-Communist elements, and the silencing of certain anti-Communist editors and Riksdag deputies.

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"PLAYING WITH FIRE"**BERLIN REACTION TO
ROOSEVELT'S SPEECH**
**"Conjuring Up A Danger Which
Does Not Exist"**

BERLIN, Dec. 31. "Playing with fire" is the comment of the German Wireless on President Roosevelt's fireside chat.

Nevertheless, it says, that political circles in Berlin consider that President Roosevelt's latest statements do not differ from his previous pronouncements and they assert that "the number of untruths seem to have increased."

Regarding the alleged threat to South American countries the opinion in Berlin is that such a threat originates in North America and it is the United States which is demanding bases from South America. What the German News Agency described as President Roosevelt's attempt to bring discredit on the German-Italian alliance is said to be regarded in Berlin as "tactless, clumsy, not to the point and similar to the attempt made by Mr. Churchill."

The Agency declares that President Roosevelt is conjuring up a danger to his people which does not exist.

He wants to force himself against his will and against his own interests to engage in a conflict which Britain has let loose.—Reuter.

**JAPAN RESENTS
ROOSEVELT'S
INFERENCE****"Non-Imperialist" Plea
For Three-Power
Pact**

TOKYO, Dec. 31. Authoritative circles in Japan do not like President Roosevelt's denunciation of the Axis.

The Domei news agency says: "There is general agreement in Japan regarding his fireside talk as proof that he is deliberately closing his ears and eyes to repeated Japanese statements that the Three Power Pact is not aimed at the United States and that Japan's proposed new order in East Asia has not been evolved out of imperialist aims."

Particular exception is taken to President Roosevelt's statement that the Axis new order is designed to enslave the entire world.

**A YEAR OF AIR
WAR****Defeat Of Day Bomber**

LONDON, Dec. 31. An invasion must be regarded for a long time as "the standing dish" on Hitler's menu but no invasion could succeed unless the Germans had pretty effective local air control.

This view was expressed to-day (Tuesday) by a high officer of the R.A.F. surveying the achievements of 1940 and the prospects for 1941.

"We can have no doubt," he said, "that Hitler has made a very thorough and detailed plan for an invasion of this country as soon as conditions may be favourable in early Spring. We shall have to retain adequate forces here for a very long time. I think Hitler has got to come at us one way or another and keep on coming with all he knows."

DEFEAT OF THE DAY BOMBER

Turning to the air campaign of 1940 the officer said that the defeat of the day bomber was one of the year's outstanding features and the day bomber had now a very sensibly diminished horizon. In the battle of Britain there is no doubt that the Germans underestimated the strength of the British fighter force and did not appreciate the speed up in British production. There is no immediate panacea for night bombing but he thought that there would be a gradual building up of improvements in all different counter-measures. The scale of night bombing had been appreciably diminished by anti-aircraft fire from what it would otherwise have been. The answer to incendiary bomb attack lay in passive measures as much as in active ones. Sunday night's raid on London was heavy but it could have been far heavier but for British defences.

"FANTASTIC NONSENSE"

The Germans might try day bombing again. Special high-flying bombers would doubtless be produced by air forces on both sides in the future. One of the most urgent tasks facing the R.A.F. was to increase the

by means of a Godless alliance. Authoritative quarters here hold that he has ignored official declarations of Japanese good faith in order to paint the proposed new world order in the blackest colours.—Reuter.

**ROOSEVELT MAKES
CLEAR POSITION OF
AMERICANS**

NEW YORK, Dec. 31. "By bluntly announcing that he regards the German-Italian-Japanese pact as directed specifically against the United States, the President put all the three countries on notice that he regarded them as potential if not actual enemies."

This sentence is contained in the "New York Times" editorial on President Roosevelt's talk. It also stated that an overwhelming majority of the country will agree wholeheartedly with his central thesis that the victory of the Axis powers would mean a "new terrible era."

The "New York Herald Tribune" describes the address as "a high call to action" and says that the President's aim to see facts as they are is the one guiding aim of all those who have been urging the American people to send aid to Britain.—Reuter.

**French Reaction To
Roosevelt's Broadcast**

LONDON, Dec. 30. The Lyons radio to-night treated President Roosevelt's speech with great care. The comment was that the speech was "as important as had been expected" and that the intensity of the statement that nothing would stop American aid to Britain "goes beyond the limits of official style and is certain to arouse passionate comment all over the world." Extracts of the speech were quoted by the Lyons radio but the quotations were remarkable for the fact that many references to the National Socialists and their policies were omitted; the summary given was that issued by the German Official News Agency.—Reuter.

**POWERFUL
INDICTMENT
OF NAZISM****London Welcomes Roosevelt's Speech**

LONDON, Dec. 31. President Roosevelt's speech is warmly welcomed in official circles in London, where it is regarded as a further proof of the courage and realism of America's attitude towards the dangers which confront democracy no less in the Western Hemisphere than in Europe and Asia, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

The speech is one of the most logical and powerful indictments of Nazism ever spoken and his recognition of the futility of any attempt to appease the forces of evil is noted with special satisfaction. His definition of America's role as the arsenal of democracy and his forthright expression of belief in the ultimate defeat of the Axis Powers will be a source of inspiration and courage to the leaders and people of Britain. Goodwill and provision of American material assistance in gathering volume and above all with the utmost speed are of no less than vital importance to the people of Britain who are determined to continue the war, no matter at what cost, until the dangers which now beset democracy are finally overcome.—Reuter.

strength of the bomber force. It was the Air Force's policy to bomb Germany as much as they could. The R.A.F. had undoubtedly done more damage to war production in Germany than the Germans had done in Britain.

Commenting on the statements by some American journalists that during the battle of Britain the British fighter force was stretched almost to the breaking point the officer said that this was "entirely incorrect." The R.A.F. had more squadrons operating in line at the end of a battle than at the beginning. He described a statement that Hitler had conquered London during the battle of Britain and did not kill it as "the most astonishing piece of fantastic nonsense I have ever read."—Reuter.

**TACKLING NAZI
SUBMARINES****What Last Month's Loss
Of British Shipping
Shows**

LONDON, Dec. 31. How Britain is holding the U-Boat and air menace to British shipping at bay despite the loss of the French navy's help, the huge increase in the submarine bases available to the enemy and the increase in enemy submarines owing to Italy's entry into the war, was described on New Year's eve by a Naval Spokesman here reviewing the first sixteen months of the war at sea. "At no time," he said, "has the enemy made us feel that he will succeed in his efforts to prevent the British Isles from obtaining the necessary supplies of food and materials to bring the war to a successful conclusion." Enemy efforts, he continued, to close the entrances to our harbours by mines laid from air and by E-boats have been defeated, the air menace to coastal convoys has been successfully countered and it is fair to say that we control the Mediterranean. The much vaunted E-boats must have proved a disappointment to the Germans. Where the enemy has been achieving a certain measure of success is in his attacks on shipping in the western approach to Britain though even here he must be disappointed with the actual results obtained.

LARGER ESCORTS NECESSARY

"We must," the spokesman emphasised, "have larger escorts for British convoys. We cannot hope to eliminate the submarine altogether but it is hoped that the fewer sinkings of the last two weeks are a sign that the counter-measures we are taking will succeed in reducing materially the effects of enemy operations. We must expect hard knocks from time to time but during all these first sixteen months of war we have maintained our object and are determined to do so until the final victory."

The fewer sinkings of the last two weeks are a sign that the counter-measures which the British are taking against submarines will succeed in reducing materially the effects of their attacks, said a Naval spokesman in London.

He continued, "Though we have had our anxieties and our losses, never have we any moment doubted that the enemy would fail in his object. So far the quantity of shipping destroyed by enemy raiders causes no undue alarm. On the whole the enemy must be disappointed with the results of his air action against our shipping."

Our squadrons in the Mediterranean sweep and use that sea at will. Malta, under the shadow of the main Italian Air Force, is a very long way off from being obliterated. Gibraltar is still in full use as our main naval base in the Western Mediterranean. Our merchant shipping continues to move in the high seas throughout the globe despite the enemy concentrating all means in his power to prevent it doing so.

"The average weekly losses for December now stand at 71,000 tons, whereas in November the average weekly figure was 86,000."—Reuter.

**Import Of Steel
Banned****Sir Guthrie Russell
Appointed Controller**

NEW DELHI, Dec. 31. The Government of India by a notification in a Gazette of India Extraordinary to-day have prohibited the import into British India by sea of various types of iron and steel such as ingots, plates, sheets, tinplates, shell plates, steel tubes and pipes, hoppers, tyres, axles, wheels, steel castings, colliery arches, steel bolts, railway springs, wire rods, wire netting, wire nails and wire mesh.

EXCEPTIONS
The prohibition does not apply to any iron or steel imported for transshipment to or under bond for re-export to any country outside India, any iron or steel despatched on through consignment to India not later than January 1, 1941, and any iron or steel covered by an open, general licence or a special licence.

The Government have appointed Sir Guthrie Russell, Director-General, Munitions Production, Supply Department, to be Steel Controller for India and Mr. J. Walton and Mr. S. M. K. Alvi to be Deputy Steel Controllers for India.—A. P.

A cheque for Rs. 70,000 was presented to the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund for the purchase of a fighter plane for the Royal Air Force by Sir Gurnam Bhowar, Director-General of the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department, as a new year present from the Department to His Majesty's Government.

**HIGH RECURRING
CHARGES FOR
MAINTENANCE****Engineer On Drawbacks
Of Badly Executed
Work**

Three papers were read at the third All-India Local Self-Government Conference held at Patna on the 27th, 28th and 29th Dec. 1940. The first was on "Engineering Service for Local Self-Government" by Mr. W. L. Murrell. The second paper read was about "Compulsory Primary Education for boys and girls" by Mr. Shankar Lal, the Senior Vice-President and Delegate of the Delhi Municipal Committee. The third paper read was about the "Problem of Administrative Areas of Local Authorities" by Mr. Jayaraman, M.A., University of Madras.

The following are the extracts from the first paper:
My own testimony as to public works is the same and I would go so far as to say that I believe that some of the Local Bodies do not yet realise how serious is the real situation. When an engineer sees steel bridges heavily corroded for want of paint, and the soiling of roads exposed and disintegrating, he knows that these works are living on their capital, on the very bones and flesh which constitute them. Starvation, if not arrested, ends in death.

I can personally vouch for the fact that the proper way in which projects are being prepared, and on the way in which the actual work is being carried out, a badly prepared project means unnecessary original outlay, and it may prove a continual nuisance, and even a danger to the public. A bad, however well-intentioned, but entirely faulty recurring charges for maintenance.

The author of the second paper observed as follows:
India, however, suffers from certain disabilities that are inherent in Alien Government in the matter of legislation. A homogeneous country with its own government is far better able to solve domestic problems than a country where an alien bureaucracy, however well-intentioned, is divorced from the people under its governance. For this reason the functions which belong to the local proper must, in the present circumstances in this country be assumed and discharged by those who have voluntarily

**THROUGH JAPANESE
EYES****"2,90,000 Chinese Killed
In 1940"**

TOKYO, Dec. 30. Chinese losses during the first eleven months of this year are: 2,90,000 dead and 45,000 surrendered, according to the Japanese Army Press Bureau.

Total Chinese dead since the beginning of the Sino-Japanese war is 1,893,000.—Reuter.

shouldered the burden of local self-government. It is to be a task to do our utmost to secure compulsory primary education both for boys and girls in the areas which the sociological administrative control vests in municipal organisations.

The following are the extracts from Mr. Jayaraman's paper:
Efficiency in administration depends on a great deal on an adequacy of financial resources. It is necessary to secure the services of experts in each sphere of local administration such as Education, Health, Sanitation and Communications and give them the necessary material equipment for effecting substantial improvement. Ultimately this depends on the capacity of the area to raise the necessary funds by means of taxation, which in turn is dependent on the size of the area, the density of its population and the general resources of the area. In other words, the appropriate area is one where alone the functions can be carried on with maximum efficiency and economy and with the least amount of waste.

**ITALY BLAMES
BR. PROPAGANDISTS****ROME, Dec. 31.**

"The artifices of British propaganda" are blamed by Italians for President Roosevelt's promise of increased aid for Britain, according to Italian press extracts published by the Official Italian Agency. Accusing the United States of a paradoxical attitude towards the war, the "Corriere della Sera" declares, "the United States neutrality has been reduced to a form barely distinguishable from intervention on the side of Britain. The Axis Powers will take note of this as a new form of international policy which is counter-balanced by the efficacy of the Tripartite Pact."—Reuter.

**WILLINGDON ON
OBJECT OF
HIS MISSION****LONDON, Dec. 31.**

Speaking at Chile to press representatives Lord Willingdon expressed the view that the British Government wished to increase trade with South American countries.

He said that the British Government had a sacred duty namely to liberate the countries under German yoke. He expressed the belief that South America understood the spirit with which England was fighting, that is the liberation of democracies.—Reuter.

**BRITISH VICTORY
STIMULATES
PILGRIM ACTIVITY****CAIRO, (By Cable).**

The British victory in the Western Desert has stimulated pilgrim activity. Only three weeks ago the impression prevailed that less than 300 Egyptians were making the pilgrimage, but no sooner was news of the Sidi Barrani success announced than applications poured in and the number of pilgrims now exceeded 1,500.—Reuter.

**BR. WARSHIP SINKS FOUR
ITALIAN VESSELS****Nazi Raider
Uses
Tokio Flag****How German Ship Shelled
Mandated Island
In Pacific**

CANBERRA, Dec. 31. Reports to the Navy Board make it impossible to doubt that the raider which shelled Nauru, a defenceless mandated island in the Pacific, was sailing under the Japanese flag to the time of attack and that the Japanese name of the ship was still visible during shelling, according to Mr. W. M. Hughes, Commonwealth Navy Minister.

Mr. Hughes pointed out that the action was compromising in view of the Japanese attempt to strengthen her relations with Australia. He imagined that the Germans would have a great deal of explaining to do to Japan.—Reuter.

**Polish Airmen Bag 300
Nazi Planes****LONDON, Dec. 30.**

Polish fighter pilots in Britain have destroyed 300 German aircraft, in addition to 400 destroyed by them in Poland. Great credit must also be given to the ground staffs of Polish squadrons, who have acclimatised themselves perfectly to life in a strange country and have performed tremendous tasks, which have made possible the achievements of the pilots.—Reuter.

**More Enemy Fortified
Positions Fall****Over Thousand Italians Taken Prisoners: Much
War Material Falls Into Greek Hands**

"FORTIFIED POSITIONS TO THE WEST OF POGRADETS HAVE BEEN WRENCHED FROM THE ENEMY AND DESPITE BAD WEATHER THE ACTION HAS YIELDED GOOD RESULTS ALL ALONG THE FRONT," STATED THE ATHENS RADIO TO-NIGHT QUOTING A COMMUNICATION OF THE GREEK PRESS MINISTRY.

Over a thousand Italian prisoners were taken by the Greeks during successful local operations, including a whole battalion with its officers, states to-night's communication.

Four guns many automatic arms, mortars and much material fell into Greek hands. An Italian ski detachment, adds the communication, tried to operate, but was broken up, abandoning its equipment and losing a number of prisoners.—Reuter.

**MAULANA ARRIVES AT
DELHI****Sidhwa Meets President****NEW DELHI, Dec. 31.**

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, was accorded an enthusiastic reception on arrival from Lahore this morning. He was received at the station among others by Mrs. Asaf Ali, Mr. Raghunandan Saran, President of the Delhi Congress Committee, and Mr. Jugal Kishore Khanna.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa who had been telegraphically asked to see the Congress President in Delhi also arrived here this morning. Mr. Sidhwa will interview Maulana Azad at 10 a.m. Maulana Azad is expected to stay till to-morrow.—United Press.

**U. S. ENVOY TO
FRANCE IN LISBON****VICHY, Dec. 30.**

Admiral Leahy, United States Ambassador to the French Government at Vichy, has arrived at Lisbon in an United States cruiser, states the Havas Agency.

The French Government is establishing a central research bureau to deal with the urgent problem of food supplies, states the Havas Agency.

It will be under the direction of the Inspector-General of Food Supplies and will work in conjunction with the scientific committee studying new food products to remedy malnutrition.—Reuter.

The General Secretary of the Baroda State Prajamandal has issued a circular to all district and taluka Prajamandal workers to devote His Highness the Maharaja's birthday celebration week from January 5 to January 16 to enrolling members for the Prajamandal, propagating the wearing of Khadi and collecting details of possibilities of village industries and agricultural conditions.

BELGRADE, December 31.

A British warship sank four Italian supply vessels in the Adriatic this morning according to press reports received here.

The vessels were carrying heavy guns and motor lorries.

The attack took place off the point where the Albanian and Yugoslav frontiers join.

Most of the Italian crews reached the shore, it is added.—Reuter.

**ITALIAN GARRISON
HARASSED IN BARDIA****CAIRO, Dec. 31.**

The Italians at Bardia "continue passively to await events" says to-day's G. H. Q. "communiqué" which reads "In Bardia, the Italian Garrison harassed by our artillery fire continues passively to await events."

On the frontiers of Sudan and Kenya our patrols have again been active.—Reuter.

**AIR ACTIVITY
AGAINST GREEKS****ROME, Dec. 31.**

Considerable and continuous activity of the Italian Air Force against Greeks is noted in to-day's Italian High Command "communiqué."

Ports and military objectives at Salonika and Preveza as well as aerodromes at Janina and Kosani in Greek territory were bombed. In conclusion, the "communiqué"

states "enemy aircraft flew over several localities of southern Italy, dropping flares. One enemy machine was shot down in flames.—Reuter."

**R.A.F. RAIDS ON
GAZALA & TOBRUK****CAIRO, Dec. 31.**

Heavy R. A. F. bombers raided Italian landing grounds at Gazala and Tobruk during Sunday night.

A number of fires were started at Gazala followed by large explosions, all bombs falling in the target area.

Intense anti-aircraft fire was encountered at Tobruk but the attack was pressed home, all aircraft returning safely.

A "communiqué" from the R. A. F. Headquarters in the Middle East giving these facts adds that British fighters maintained standing patrols throughout Monday, while a number of successful reconnaissances were made over the Bardia Tobruk area.—Reuter.

**T. U. C. Plays
Great Role In
War Efforts****Sells War Bonds And
Works Canteens For Air
Raid Relief Workers**

LONDON, Dec. 30. The invaluable part played in Britain's war effort by the Trade Union Congress during the past year is shown by a statement issued to-day.

There has been close and satisfactory collaboration between the Government and the Congress which represents more than five million organised workers. The goodwill on both sides, their unity and determination to defeat the Nazi menace, quickly swept away a few initial difficulties.

AIR-RAID RELIEF WORK
Now the whole machinery of the Congress, which is working for the speeding up of the war effort, is working smoothly.

The Congress is playing an increasingly important part in many directions, particularly in the working of the canteens for air raid relief workers, which were inspected at Buckingham Palace to-day by the King. Such canteens are now being run in a number of cities such as Coventry, Bristol, Manchester and Birmingham.

PENNY A WEEK SCHEME

The Congress is also responsible for the sale of nearly a million pounds worth of interest free bonds. The work of the individual members of the Congress is also reflected in the Red Cross Penny-a-Week Scheme.—Reuter.

The reorganisation of village panchayats in Panchmahal District and the speeding up of the rural uplift and other constructive works have been taken up by the Congressmen of Panchmahal and the workers of the District Local Boards who are touring various parts of the Haveli Taluka.

tives on Departmental School Councils will be appointed by the Minister of Education.—Reuter.



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BOMBAY'S SHARE IN BRITISH HONOURS

(Continued from Page 1)
lately Chief Officer, Karachi Municipal Corporation, Sind.

O. B. E.
(Civil Division).
Miss Ruby Hill, Joint Secretary, King Emperor's Anti-Tuberculosis Fund Appeal and Private Secretary to Her Excellency the Marquess of Linlithgow, Mr. Sukumar Basu, Indian Civil Service, Secretary, Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, Mr. S. M. Bhattacharya, lately Additional Secretary, Revenue Department, His Excellency Highness the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad (Deccan); Mr. W. A. Charles Bromham, Secretary and Chief Engineer, Bombay Telephone Co., Limited, Bombay.

Mr. S. R. Moolgavkar, Professor of Surgery, Grant Medical College, and Honorary Surgeon, J. J. Hospital, Bombay.
Mr. F. W. O'Gorman, Indian Police, Central Intelligence Officer, Bombay; Mr. T. S. Pillay, Indian Audit and Accounts Service, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Commerce; Mr. N. P. A. Smith, Joint Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Home Department; Mr. A. F. Wylie, Superintendent, Modernization Planning, Ammunition Factory, Kirkee.

M. B. E.
Dossibai, Mrs. J. R. Dadabhai, Honorary Consulting Surgeon, Cama and Alpbeth Hospitals, Bombay; Miss Ursula Marie Lobo, Women's Medical Service, Junior Branch, Shegaon, Buldana District, Central Provinces and Berar.
Miss Meherbai J. Wadia, Bombay Educational Service (Women's Branch), Lady Superintendent, Training College for Women, Poona, Bombay.

Mr. Fred Barretto, Assistant Director of Public Health Laboratory, Poona, Bombay; Mr. N. G. Brown, Deputy Assistant Controller, Naval Accounts, Bombay.
Mr. Tufail Muhammad Chhaju Khan Rajput, Criminal Tribes Settlement Officer and Personal Assistant to the Collector of Sukkur, Sind.

Khan Bahadur Sherarji Dadabhai Contractor, Educational Inspector (retired), Sind.
Mr. A. J. Noronha, Lecturer in Bacteriology and Pathology, B. J. Medical School, Poona, Bombay.
Khan Sahib Nur Muhammad Khan Walad Sardar Bahadur Subhat Khan Golo, Zamindar, Jacobabad, Sind.

Mr. R. N. Samarth, Bombay Excise Service, Superintendent of Excise, and Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Excise, Bombay.
Mr. R. S. Tirotkar, Professor of Medicine, Grant Medical College, and Honorary Physician, J. J. Hospital, Bombay.

Mr. S. E. Kurvan, Barrister-at-Law, Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Bombay; Mr. Bapuji Barjorjee Lam, Member, Cantonment Board, Deolali, Nasik, Bombay; Mr. C. V. Mulrony, Engineer, His Majesty's Mint, Bombay.

Rao Bahadurs
The Viceroy is pleased to confer the title of Rao Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon:—

Sri M. R. Narasimha Aingar, Editor, Indian Law Reports, Madras series, Madras; Sri N. C. Ayyar, District and Sessions Judge, Madras; Sri Rao Sahib L. Pantulu, Deputy Collector (retired), Madras; Sri Rao Sahib P. K. G. Mudaliyar, Secretary, Madras Public Service Commission, Madras; Sri Rao Sahib J. Devassahayam, District Superintendent of Police, Madras; Sri T. Raghavachari, Advocate, Bellary, Madras; Sri K. T. Alwa, Headquarters Deputy Director of Agriculture, Madras; Sri B. S. T. Mudaliyar, Hon. Magistrate, Calicut, Malabar District, Madras; Sri T. R. Srinivasachariar, Special Drainage Engineer, Corporation of Madras, Madras; Sri Rao Sahib D. S. Sarma, Madras Educational Service (retired), Principal Pachayappa's College, Madras; Sri L. N. K. V. Nayar, Zamindar of Idiyakottai, Madras District, Madras; Sri M. J. Pillai Santanakrishna Pillai, Medical Superintendent, Bernard Institute of Radiology, Madras; Sri Rao Sahib M. S. L. P. S. Nadar, Merchant,

Virudhunagar, Ramnad District, Madras; Sri A. P. Nayudu, Assistant Director of Public Health, Madras; Sri Rao Sahib C. S. Bhasker, Advocate, Salem, Madras.

RAO SAHIB
Rao Sahib V. A. Desai, Landholder, Belgaum, Bombay. Rao Sahib F. G. Halkatti, Bijapur, Bombay. Mr. R. A. Kalle, Civil Surgeon, Bijapur, Bombay. Mr. M. A. Kharkar, District Government Pleader and Public Prosecutor, West Khandesh, Bombay. Mr. R. C. Motwani, Professor of Anatomy, Grant Medical College, Bombay. Mr. D. V. Nadkarni, Secretary (retired), Municipal Corporation, Bombay. Mr. C. G. Paranjpe, Agricultural Engineer to the Government of Bombay. Rao Sahib S. S. Parulekar, Pleader, Satara, Bombay. Mr. J. D. Rana, First Class Subordinate Judge (retired), Bombay. Rao Sahib G. G. Shembekar, Agriculturist, Baranatti, Poona District, Bombay. Mr. E. R. Chandorkar, Civil Surgeon, Bhandara Central Provinces and Berar. Rao Sahib N. D. Dharrao Rajurkar, member of the Central Provinces and Berar Legislative Assembly and lately Chairman, District Council, Akola, Central Provinces and Berar. Rao Sahib N. R. Chandorkar, Senior Deputy Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Central Provinces and Berar. Rao Raja Sujana Singh, Rao Sahib M. Ramaswamy, Hon. Secretary, Indian Red Cross Society, Bangalore City Branch, Mysore. Mr. R. Varadachari, Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax, Madras. Rao Sahib A. K. Patankar, Bullion Registrar, His Majesty's Mint, Bombay.

Shaifu-ul-Mulk And Vaidyaratna

The Viceroy is pleased to confer the title of Shaifu-ul-Mulk, as a personal distinction, upon:—
Hekim Ahmad Usmani, Member, Board of Indian Medicine, Allahabad, United Provinces. Hakim Mohammad Habibullah Khan, Proprietor, Chasma-i-Hayat Pharmacy, Ameer.

The Viceroy is pleased to confer the title of Vaidyaratna, as a personal distinction, upon Kavi-Pratap Sinha, Superintendent, Ayurvedic College and Professor of Pharmacy, Hindu University, Benares, United Provinces.

Khan Sahibs
The Viceroy is pleased to confer the title of Khan Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon:—

Khaia Muhi-ud-Din Hussain Sahib Bahadur, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Madras. Muhammad Sayed Khan Sahib Bahadur, President, Second Class Bench, Court, Salem, Madras. Pular Ahmad, Muhi-ud-Din Sahib Bahadur, Assistant Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, Madras. Muhammad Ahmadulla Sahib Siddiqui Bahadur, Senior Deputy Inspector of Muslim Schools, Chittoor (retired), Madras. Gounda Hyder Sahib Bahadur, Merchant, Kurnool, Madras. Mr. Solomon Benjamin, Huzur Mamlatdar, Katra, Bombay. Mr. N. D. Kelavala, Landlord, Broach, Bombay. Sayed Ahmed Kadri, Senior Office Superintendent (retired), Royal Indian Navy, Bombay. Mr. N. A. Kadri, Personal Assistant to the Educational Inspector, Northern Division, Ahmedabad, Bombay. Mr. D. K. Patil, Police Patil, Wai, Satara District, Bombay.

Mr. Abdul Razak Qureshi, Senior Depot Storekeeper, North Western Railway, Karachi Cantonment.

Two Diwan Bahadurs

The Viceroy is pleased to confer the title of Diwan Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon:—
Sri Rao Bahadur Thattai Anantacharya, member, Madras Public Service Commission, Madras.

Rai Bahadur Probbhat Chandra Bose, Railway Member and Secretary, Railway Rates Advisory Committee, Government of India, Calcutta.

Khan Bahadurs

The Viceroy is pleased to confer the title of Khan Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon:—
Khan Bahadur Kaiserkhan Wa-

lad Sardar Ghulam Muhammad Khan Boddar, member, Sind Legislative Assembly, Zamindar, and President, District Local Board, Sukkur, Sind; and
Muhammad Abdul Hafiz Saheb Bahadur, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Madras;
Khan Sahib Chowkaran Keloth Puthlamalgammal Mammad Keyi Saheb Bahadur, Landlord, Teelicherry, Malabar District, Madras;

Khan Sahib Jamshedji Manekji Antia, pleader, Surat city, Bombay; Khan Sahib Jalejar Dorabji Kanga, Principal, Mazaon Boys and Girls School, Mazaon, Bombay;

Khan Sahib Seth Kikabhai, General merchant, Raipur, Central Provinces and Berar; Babu Jalaluddin Walad Muhammad Bakhsh, Zamindar and Contractor, Sind; Khan Sahib Kaikhushru Ruttonji Green, Hon. Magistrate, Rajkot Civil Station, Western Indian States Agency; Khan Sahib P. D. Kothavala, Diwan, Rajpipla State; Khan Sahib Risaldar Haji Muhammad Suleman Bahadur, Indian Army Veterinary Corps (Retired), Military Veterinary Hospital, Poona; Mr. S. G. Khambatta, Postmaster (officiating), Karachi.

KNIGHTHOOD.

The following have been knighted:

Mr. Broomfield, Bar-at-Law, I.C.S. Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.

Mr. Justice Godfrey Davis, Indian Civil Service Chief Judge of Chief Court (Sind).

Mr. H. H. Burn, Senior Director and Chairman, Board of Directors Messrs. Meleod and Co. Ltd., Bengal; Diwan Bahadur N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, Prime Minister, Jammu and Kashmir; Mr. A. G. Gray, Manager, Bank of India Limited, Bombay; Khan Bahadur Syed Maratib Ali Director of the Central Board of the Reserve Bank of India; Colonel A. Ali H.I. Mount, lately chairman, Pacific Locomotive Committee; Diwan Bahadur K. C. Nadkar, Diwan and President of the Council of Administration (Retired) Dhar State, Central India. Mr. S. D. Saklatvala, Member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, Director, Messrs. Tata Sons Limited, Bombay, Lala Shri Ram, Millowner, Delhi.

Mr. Manohar Lal, Finance Minister of His Excellency the Governor of the Punjab; Khan Bahadur Maulvi Azizul Haque, Speaker, Bengal Legislative Assembly and Vice-Chancellor, Calcutta University, Bengal; Mr. Justice Sayid Fazl Ali Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Patna, Bihar.

WOMEN PROMINENT

Women figure prominently—four becoming Dames Commander of the British Empire, namely, Miss Irene Vanbrugh for services on the stage; Stella Dowager Marchioness of Reading, Chairman of Women's Voluntary Services for Civil Defence; Raneira Stanley for public and social welfare services in southern Rhodesia; Viscountess Craigavon, widow of the late Premier of Northern Ireland. India, the dominions and colonies have the customary prominent share.

Overseas knightships include Robert Nicholls, Speaker of the House of Assembly, South Australia; Edmund Charles Richards, Resident Commissioner of Basutoland.

KNIGHT GRAND CROSS OF THE BATH

General Sir Charles Bonham Carter, Aid-de-Camp to the King Sir Eric Phipps, formerly Ambassador at Paris; Knight Commanderships of the Bath have been awarded to Air Marshal Ernest Leslie Gossage and Sir Alexander Cadogan, permanent Under Secretary in the Foreign Office, Sir Harold Macmillan, High Commissioner of Palestine and Sir Robert Craigie, Ambassador at Tokio become Knights-Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George.

POLISH ADMIRAL HONOURED

Knight Commander of St. Michael include Godfrey Huggins, Prime Minister of Southern Rhodesia, Kenneth Oswald Peppitt,

Warning To Br. Housewives

Use Less Of Imported Food, Says Lord Woolton

LONDON, Dec. 31. A warning to housewives to use food that could be grown in Britain and to "go easy with the tin opener," was uttered by the Food Minister, Lord Woolton, in a broadcast to-day.

The danger to Britain's food supplies, he said, was much worse than it was in the last war. "The enemy is making a direct attack on our food-ships and sinking a number of them."

WAR AGAINST FOOD
He added: "This is indeed a war in all its starkness against food by which we sustain life. This war against food supplies may grow in intensity as the months go on."

Lord Woolton said that Britain ate nearly as much meat in 1940 as she did in 1939 and would have to do with less meat in 1941. He urged the public to eat more potatoes, which were grown in Britain, and to reduce the amount of bread, which was largely made from imported flour.—Reuter.

mons; and Sir Walter Womersley, Minister of Pensions.

The Order of Merit:—Professor George Gilbert Murray the eminent scholar and Chairman of the League of Nations Union.

Knight of the Garter:—The Duke of Devonshire.

TWO EDITORS HONOURED

Companionships of Honour have been awarded to James Louis Garvin, Editor of the "Observer"; William Morris Hughes, Australian Attorney-General; Arthur Henry Mann, lately editor of the "Yorkshire Post" and a former Director of Reuters.

The Baronets are Sir William Coxen, late Lord Mayor of London; Sir Kenneth Lee who is Director-General at the Ministry of Information and is now on a trade mission to South America; Hugh Lett, President of the Royal College of Surgeons.

The new Knights including the scientist, William Lawrence Bragg, son of the famous former President of the Royal Society; artist and painter Frank Brangwyn; George Dyson, Director of the Royal College of Music; Frederick William Leggett Chief Industrial Commissioner to the Ministry of Labour and well-known arbitrator in Labour disputes.

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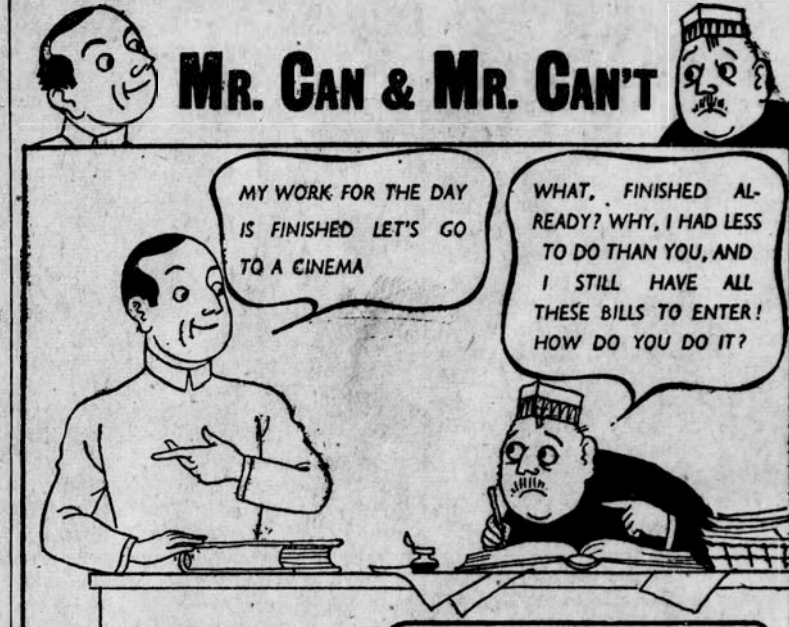
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No loose coffee ground by small tradesmen without facilities for selecting and blending good coffee, can compare with Polson's. Why worry with this poor quality coffee which is EXPOSED TO AIR for days and is often quite stale. Stale coffee causes all manner of unpleasant physical reactions and is the real reason why people do not relish the coffee they buy so carelessly.

Polson's French Coffee and Royal Blend Pure Coffee in two distinctive blends, give you the benefits of real "Cup Quality". This means a combination of fragrant aroma, exquisite flavour, rich liquor and full strength that makes them economical. Sixty years of experience in selecting and blending the best Indian Coffee, plus an exclusive compressed gas vacuum sealing is your absolute guarantee of OVEN FRESHNESS. Even imported coffee at a much higher price is often many months old before it is sold.

the Chief Cashier of the Bank of England, without whose signature no modern British bank-note is genuine, becomes Knight Commander of the British Empire. The same honour goes to Lieut.-Colonel Frank Johnson who is a pioneer in southern Rhodesia. Science is further recognised by the award of Knight Commandership to Edward Victor Appleton, Secretary to the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, and medicine by the award of the companion of St. Michael to Robert Thomson Leiper, Director of parasitology, London School of Hygiene and tropical medicine. Captain Louis Mountbatten, cousin of the King who receives the distinguished service order recently brought his destroyer "Kelly" safely to port after the torpedoing of his previous ship the destroyer Javelin.

Simultaneously with the publication of the Honours List it is announced that the King has conferred Knight Commandership of the Bath on Rear-Admiral Diesen, Commander-in-Chief of the Norwegian Navy and Rear-Admiral Swirski, head of the Polish Naval Forces.



YOU CANNOT WORK QUICKLY UNLESS YOUR BRAIN IS ACTIVE. I TAKE

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EVERY MORNING AND FEEL CLEAR-HEADED AND ENERGETIC ALL DAY

A sparkling glass of Eno's 'Fruit Salt' on waking corrects those minor disorders of the system which upset clear brain work. Headaches, biliousness, indigestion, heartburn, and constipation due to indiscretions of diet and living are all ended. Your mind becomes vigorous because your body is healthy.

To preserve its freshness after opening, Eno's is sold in bottles with airtight stoppers, never in tins—Eno's costs as little as six annas for the small size.

MUTT AND JEFF—At Latest Reports the Gas Was Still Leaking



By BUD FISHER

Our Readers' Views

Viceroy's Kathiawar Visit

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
His Excellency the Viceroy is going to visit the States of Kathiawar in this winter season. This recalls to my mind an incident which happened in the winter when the then Viceroy visited the Kathiawar States last time.
Police men or farmers, or coolies or other persons were forced to stand at every pillar of the railway line by the State authorities for the whole day and night till the train of the Viceroy passed their respective posts. These persons had to face the terrible cold of the season and due to this some persons died last time. So I would like to draw the above facts to the attention of the authorities so that steps may be taken not to repeat the same old story.
An agitation should be started in the right direction from just now by the Kathiawar Praja Parishad and the respective Praja Mandals of the States where His Excellency the Viceroy is going to visit.—Yours etc.,
H. K. DOSHI.

"Hindu Swimming Pool"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—With reference to Mr. Madhukar S. Rao's letter appearing in your esteemed paper dated the 21st instant, it took Gandhiji more than 22 years to persuade the Hindus to open some of their temples to other sections of the Hindus, so Mr. Rao should at least wait for 50 years for the Hindu Swimming Pool to be opened to all the communities of this city is the opinion of—Yours, etc.,
JEHANGIR SORABJI.

Medical Conference

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—It is with great pain and surprise that those interested in the above Conference have learnt of the change in the venue of the Conference from Ahmedabad to Bombay. Originally it was intended to be held at Ahmedabad and necessary arrangements were also gone through. Local Medical Practitioners had formed a committee and the said Committee had resolved to have the Conference opened by Mr. B. G. Kher, ex-premier of Bombay. Mr. Kher had been approached and he had agreed to inaugurate the Conference. The sudden change in the political situation of the country and the leaders after leaving going to the jail made the workers at Ahmedabad anxious about the successful termination of the Conference. They therefore, resolved to shift the date of the Conference from the Christmas Holidays to the Easter Holidays taking it for granted that there would be some change in the political situation of the country. Ahmedabad being the original place from where Mahatma Gandhi gave to the world at large his message of non-violence and satyagraha and from where Sar-

dar Vallabhbhai started his successful career, the organisers wherever they approached were told that the Christmas Holidays would not be suitable for such a function and that once the decision taken to have the Conference inaugurated by Mr. Kher should be stuck to. It cannot be more any organisation to hold such "Jains" functions when prices among patriots are behind the bars and when there is such a turmoil in the country.
It is nearly 30 years since the Conference is being held. The delegates mostly belong to the Government service. Even then the resolution passed hitherto to raise the status of the L.C.P.S. at large have remained on the pious book of the organisation without any appreciable result. It was only with this idea in view that the organisers at Ahmedabad thought it desirable to introduce national element in the Conference and thereby bring upon the Government the pressure of public opinion. However, it is a great misfortune of the L.C.P.S. class at large that Bombay people thought it fit to discard this salient feature and resolved to hold the Conference with the Surgeon-General of the Government of Bombay to deliver the inaugural address in place of the ex-premier Mr. B. G. Kher. It is said that the Ahmedabad organisers were not able to collect necessary funds in time. Even a single member would have taken on himself to bear the whole burden in case political situation had been normal.
—Yours, etc.,
"ONE INTERESTED".

Establishment Act

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—The Probation Officers of the Juvenile Court, Bombay, view with grave concern the spirit shown by those who are agitating against a progressive measure as the Bombay Shop and Establishments Act, and in view of that no child under twelve years of age be employed in any establishment to which the Act applies. It is stated by the Bombay Hotel and Restaurant Keepers' Association that about 7,000 boys, mostly orphans, will be thrown out of employment. Elsewhere it is stated that the majority of these children are the sole support of their unemployed parents.
Our daily work amongst juvenile delinquents and neglected children in Bombay, and an exhaustive enquiry made by one of our Probation Officers, Mr. G. A. Limaye, show us that the above are gross mis-statements. On the average 125 cases per month are investigated by us for report to the Juvenile Court and it is found that in order of frequency Hotel work comes second on the list of the employments in which these children were engaged. Of these, over sixty per cent. were found to be boys from other parts of India, truant from home, whose parents were anxiously looking for

them; forty per cent were not contributing to the family purse at all; a large number were paid no wages, but only given food, while the average pay of such boys was found to be Rs. 4 p.m. with food which means that a number were working for one or two Rupees only. 50 per cent. worked for 14 hours per day, and children of 7 years were found working from 10 to 17 hours per day.

In better class Hotels we did not find children of such tender age being exploited in this way, therefore your readers may know anything of the condition of these poor children. Their condition was found to be most pitiable, and they were so filthy and often suffering from skin diseases that one wonders how people liked to take their food from them. They work from dawn to midnight, usually beginning at about 5 a.m. and may be kept working even up to 1 a.m. They have to take tea up to customers' rooms. Inconsiderate customers do not pay on the spot, and even when other work is done these poor children are sitting about waiting for the money as they cannot go to bed until all had been collected. Of the number of children who are brought to the Remand Home as victims of unnatural offence, ninety per cent. are hotel boys. They are taken advantage of by customers to whom they take tea, and out of these nearly all are infected with venereal disease. Let those who frequent restaurants where such child labour is employed beehive themselves of the risk of infection they are running by taking food from their hands.

The Act seeks to protect children from being exploited and victimised, or at least drifting into a blind alley employment and illiteracy. It is a constructive piece of legislation, which seeks to eradicate some hideous evils which all should welcome. Bombay must not allow its orphans to pick up a living in such miserable conditions, and if some children are thrown out of employment it is a thing to be glad of, as there are organisations in Bombay to provide for destitute children. These children are employed because their labour is cheap; the Hotel keepers are not philanthropists, and would turn out all their under twelve children tomorrow if they could get boys of fifteen or sixteen at the same price. I am sure that there is not a single social worker in Bombay who would condone the employment of children in the conditions which I have described and can abundantly substantiate.—Yours, etc.,
BEATRICE BUDDEN,
Chief Probation Officer and Superintendent, Remand Home, Bombay.

Jobs For Ex-Prisoners

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—A few days ago, two ex-prisoners who had previous convictions ranging from 5 to 7 years came on trial in the Honorary Presidency Magistrate's Court at Dadar. The repetition of the crime in their cases was chiefly due to the men not being able to get a suitable profession to earn their livelihood. It suggested to me that I should see the Secretary of the Bombay Released Prisoners' Aid Society, and ascertain what they were doing in connection with securing jobs for such people. I called upon the Secretary at his Office and had a discussion. From the annual report of the Society for the year 1939, given to me by the Secretary, I noticed that out of 842 persons discharged from jail and sought relief, the Society was able to get jobs only for eight persons. This was due to the Secretary said, want of confidence in the ex-prisoners from the employers and also to the paucity of the Honorary or salaried workers to interview the employers and the plea on behalf of the discharged prisoners. I suggested to him for his consideration the method adopted by the Calcutta Discharged Prisoners' Aid Society in the matter of employing the released prisoners according to the calling in which they are proficient. The All-India Penal Reform Conference which was held in Bombay on the 24th and 25th, February, 1940, has already taken up the question of reforming and correcting the prisoners coming out of jail, and there is no doubt that, in due course, their object will be achieved through public sympathy and co-operation. I appeal to the generous minded public and employers of Bombay to give their full co-operation and help to the Bombay Released Prisoners' Aid Society.—Yours, etc.,
N. N. AIYER, J.P.

Plea For Universal Religion

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—The newspapers recently announced the election of Mr. Roosevelt as President of the United States of America for the third time. But the thing is said of Mr. Wallace who is elected Vice-President of the United States for the next four years. The "Mazdaism" a London religious monthly, in its current number says that Vice-President Wallace is, like Roosevelt, "a deeply religious man".
"The world is now ripe for a type of religion which is truly Catholic in the original sense of the term. I wish that in some way it might be so universal as to embrace Buddhists, Mohammedans, Jews, Protestants and Catholics. . . .—Yours, etc.,
ZOROASTRIAN.

Kathiawar Talukas

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—From time to time it is reported that the handing over of the petty Talukdars of Kathiawar to the jurisdiction of the parent State is contemplated. Whether there is truth in the report or not, I cannot say, but I notice that the Talukdars and their subjects have taken the alarm and started to protest. There is no doubt that the pro-

blem of these small Talukas is a difficult one.
But is the contemplated transfer to the parent State the proper way of ending the present undesirable conditions?
The British Government may be unwilling to take up new burdens and may even have a desire of throwing off the burden they already bear. But they cannot treat the people of these small Talukas as mere dummies, whose feelings and future scope for contentment and happiness are of no account.—Yours, etc.,
VALLABHDAS D. GADHIA,
Rajkot C. I.

Bhatia General Hospital

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—On one occasion accidentally meeting Bai Sunderbai the Joint. Hon. Secretary at the Bhatia General Hospital, on account of my intimate connection with Europe for the last 25-27 years, the first question put to me was how the hospital stood in comparison with what I had experienced in Europe and if I had any suggestions to make. My acquaintance with the hospital was then very recent and though I was at first sight I had naturally not much to say. Since then for nearly two months from day to day for at least one to two hours I was at the hospital as I had a son of a very intimate friend of mine in the general ward for a complicated case which caused as much anxiety and for which the patient was there put on the operation theatre. I had then occasion to see a good deal of the hospital and by personal contact know a good deal more about the Resident Medical Officer (R.M.O.) Dr. T. M. Desai. Going into great details would make this letter very long and tedious, but I cannot but express my joy and satisfaction at the way in which Dr. Desai treated all the patients and their relatives all alike with great consideration, making no distinctions and did not scruple to show strength where such was needed.
Many have visited the hospital and been struck very favourably with what they saw. From H. E. the Governor, down to the Surgeon-General to the Government of Bombay, the Bombay Municipal Commissioner and the Health Officer, leading citizens like the present Sheriff of Bombay, Sheth Mathuradas Visaji Khimji and Mr. Mathuradas Triwari, the Mayor of Bombay, and the fighters in the popular cause like Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, all have visited and expressed themselves in glowing words in a suitable manner. The opinions they have expressed are of an unimpeachable character, resting on broadly based facts like the well-planned and beautiful building in which the hospital is housed, its lavish general equipment, its highly efficient operation theatre, X-ray plant, ultra-violet Rays Departments and its well conducted maternity wards. The daily routine is carried on under the guidance of Dr. Nathu Bhai Patil and is a model of efficiency. But the real soul of the institution can only be the B.M.O. who is really responsible for the internal management of the hospital, and the latter alone crystallises the real worth of the institution. Everything depends upon what kind of mutual relations exist between the Hon. Joint Secretaries and the R.M.O. If they are broad based on mutual trust and co-operation and private influences of one kind or another are not brought to bear on the executive and the latter do their duty frankly, fearlessly and as a part of religious duty in all things small and big, the

management would be perfect and efficient. I can testify by my personal observations that these criteria are fulfilled to a very great extent in the case of the hospital. As Bhatia, I am proud that the community possesses individuals who have richly endowed it and brought it to the stage at which I was happy to come in contact with it. I only hope that continuous efforts will be made to carry it to higher stages. The institution is open to all Hindus and I hope poor and rich will not hesitate to take advantage of it if need arises. Let us hope that with the grace of God the financial forthcoming—Yours, etc.,
(Dr.) VASANTJI PREMJI DALAL.

Residents And The Public

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—Mr. Anglo Moses says in his letter of 21st September, published in "The Chronicle" of 26th that a Political Agent takes a great pleasure in mixing with Indians on the hazy field and on the tennis court and that a Resident is accessible to even the poorest classes of people and that their wives are not averse to moving with Indians.
I would ask Mr. Anglo Moses to say as to whether Residents ever hear applicants as former heads of the Province then called the Political Agents did. Let Mr. Anglo Moses say on what occasions the Residents and the Political Agents meet the public and our elite.
It is for their personal pleasure that the officers, if they ever mix, do so on the playground. This mixture is only with the players and not with the general public. Our elite never joins any games. What I say is that generally the Residents do not mix with public and rarely without elite. They do not hear the applicants.
I would pay Mr. Anglo Moses in his coin and say that what he says is the exception rather than the rule which I enunciate.—Yours, etc.,
"BENIGHTED AGENCY."

Roger Mission For Hyderabad

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Dec. 31.
It is learnt that Sir Alexander Roger, accompanied by other members of the Roger Mission will arrive here on January 14, was arrested to-day under the Four European industrialists have arrived here in connection with, it is understood, the establishment of a new factory in Hyderabad in aid of war—United Press.

WEEKLY LOSS OF ALLIED BR. MERCHANT SHIPS

LONDON, Dec. 31.
The Allied mercantile shipping losses during the week ended Dec. 23 are again well below the average. The Admiralty announces that during that week 18 ships were sunk, representing a tonnage of 45,300. Of these 15 were British, comprising 32,840 tons and three Neutral, totalling 10,460 tons. The average weekly losses during the war, excluding Dunkirk, have been 63,287 tons.—Reuter.

ADMIRAL DARLAN'S TRIP TO PARIS

France Takes Stock Of Her Defence Forces If Germans Extend Occupation

LONDON, (By Cable).
The Diplomatic Correspondent of "Daily Express" writes:
Admiral Darlan, the short squat head of the French Admiralty who received a special decoration from the King for his part in the British evacuation from Dunkirk, has returned to Vichy from Paris.
Marshal Petain himself, General Huntziger (War Minister), M. Peyrouton (Minister of the Interior), and M. Bouthillier (Finance Minister) were all waiting to confer with him.
No one would say whom he saw in Paris. Holding the French Fleet, based on Toulon, as the strongest card in his hand, Petain was striving, according to informants, to confine his talks to commercial matters and local relations between the occupied and unoccupied zones.
STOCK TAKING
He has checked up, it is said, on the strength of the French Colonial Army, sending General Huntziger, Minister of War, on a "stock taking" trip to North Africa. Huntziger was also at Toulon, as reported that both services were in good trim.
Another member of the Government, General Berget, Minister for Air, is back. Vichy after a tour of inspection to Syria and France's African possessions where it talked with General Weygand.
Darlan, according to one account, has taken Laval's place as the negotiator with the Germans. He was embittered by Britain's action in attacking his fleet after the French collapse.
Recently he was asked if he remembered Dunkirk when the French and British Fleets co-operated. "Yes," he replied, "it was glorious. I also remember Oran. That was shameful."
Despite this bitterness there are many Frenchmen who believe that Petain would order the French Fleet to sail from Toulon if German troops attempted to occupy the French territory.

Their Chief Thanks Post And Telegraph Staff

NEW DELHI, Dec. 31.
"I wish to convey to all officers and staff of all grades of the Department my very best wishes for a happy and prosperous New Year," says Sir Gurnamath Bhowar, Director General of the Post and Telegraph Department, in a letter to the staff of the Indian Post and Telegraph Department, states a Press Correspondent.
"The war has continued to throw upon the Department considerable work of importance and responsibility. I wish to convey my sincere thanks to all members of the staff of the Department for the able and efficient manner in which they have met the increasing demands and have discharged their duties with traditional loyalty and devotion. I have every confidence that they will continue to perform their duties with the characteristic loyalty and efficiency."—A. I.

In Thoughtful Fathers

"WOMEN AND CHILDREN FIRST"

FROM a sinking ship in mid-ocean is flashed an S.O.S. to the sea-faring world at large; and soon a rescue ship is sighted, rushing at full steam to the cheering delight of the terror-stricken crowd on board.

When help is not near, life boats are lowered with the thundering sounds "Women and Children first". Others face their end with a peace of mind that their families at least are safe.

Similarly, distress overtakes many families floating on the sea of life. To the lucky few whose fathers had foresight, help is near, rescue is assured and they sail on the high seas with a sense of security and perfect peace of mind. Others sink to the depths of poverty and misery—women, children and all.

A life Insurance Policy is a rescue vessel that needs no S.O.S. to rush to your rescue in case of emergency. It is there all the time giving you that comfortable feeling of security and peace of mind that your woman and children can never be in distress whatever may happen to you. It is an estate for which you need only pay in small instalments while your ship is safe. Should anything happen to it even after one instalment is paid, the whole estate at once belongs to your family, and nothing more to pay.

HERE'S A PLAN OF PROTECTION

Plan a safe future for your loved ones or a comfortable provision for your old age—a plan so simple, so adaptable to the needs of your family and yourself. ANDHRA Insurance Agents are trained to help you plan your future programme to suit your own particular needs. They place at your disposal the accumulated experience of this 14-year old institution, with its 2½ million rupees of vigilantly guarded assets and an enviable record for low cost insurance with highest benefits.

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Has an enviable reputation for prompt payment of claims and just treatment of policy-holders.

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With Field-Workers and quick service to policy-holders.

7. FIELD FORCE.
Comprises of hundreds of men and women who command high respect and influence. Many left positions to join Andhra's field force.

help you to make 25 years progress in years
ORCE AND EARN BIG PAY.

INDIA v. CEYLON

Visitors Make 234 In First Knock

G. Gooneratne Misses Century By 4 Runs

INDIA'S 82 FOR ONE AT CLOSE

BOMBAY, Tuesday. THE MATCH BETWEEN THE CEYLON TEAM AND THE INDIA ELEVEN OPENED TO DAY IN FINE WEATHER. THE CAPTAIN OF THE VISITING TEAM, WINNING THE TOSS, PREFERRED TO BAT, AND SENT IN MENDIS AND PULLE TO OPEN THE INNINGS.

Ceylon opened with W. L. Mendis and J. Pulle. Saeed Ahmed, bowled the first over from the Churchgate end. He sent down a maiden over. From the opposite side Hazare bowled, his six balls gave the batsmen two singles each. When Saeed Ahmed bowled again, Mendis turned him to the leg side, only a fine piece of fielding by K. C. Ibrahim saved a four, Mendis got two.

SMART FIELDING

Mendis was robbed of another four by smart fielding by Rangnekar, he, however, earned two and sent the first decade up after fifteen minutes play. Saeed Ahmed, two minutes later, caused Ceylon's first dismissal, a cheap wicket, quite an ordinary straight ball taking Pulle's middle stump.

G. Gooneratne came out to Mendis and opened his score off the second ball he received from Saeed Ahmed with a single. Mendis was proving very confident against India's bowling. Runs came slowly but steadily off his bat and when twenty was telegraphed for Ceylon he passed his own first decade. Gooneratne also got beyond ten when he drove Hazare to the off screen. The next ball was also sent for a

brace, this time to the leg. Mendis was responsible for having thirty telegraphed, this was achieved after forty minutes play. The rate of scoring had improved. A boundary by Gooneratne to square leg, well over the fielder, off Hazare. Another four from Mendis, off Saeed Ahmed, past mid-on, sent 40 up. The game was forty-five minutes old. Mendis' boundary put him in his twenties.

A cheer went up from the stands when India's skipper, D. B. Deodhar, put on C. S. Nayudu, at 44. Gooneratne, faced him first, and failed to score of the bowler's initial six balls. Saeed Ahmed was also taken off, and S. W. Sohoni was given the ball. Mendis when he punished Sohoni, by sending a delivery past mid-on entered his thirties. This also sent up Ceylon's half-century, the innings was now just two minutes less than an hour old. Mendis snicked Sohoni through the slips for four and put 60 on the boards for Ceylon. Mendis also reached his forty off this stroke, Sohoni's bowling was not being respected. The next decade took the batsmen seven minutes. U. R. Chhipa was tried out with the ball at 74 by Deodhar vice Nayudu. Chhipa gave away one run. Nayudu was brought on in place of Sohoni at the Churchgate end, this was opposite to the end he had just given place to Chhipa. Mendis' attractive batting had robbed a lot of praise Gooneratne might have received, playing with a less brilliant partner. When at

12-10 p.m. was signalled for Ceylon Gooneratne was quietly travelling in his thirties.

At the eighty mark Nayudu claimed a very valuable life. He induced Mendis to play forward a good ball. There was some hesitation behind the stroke and Deodhar was given a catch, with which he made no mistake. Mendis scored an impressive 42. He was, from his in-coming, confident against the bowlers and scored with style and fluency all round the wicket (80-2-42).

R. A. K. Solomons was next sent out. He tried out aggressive tactics from the start of his career. He got a single of Nayudu, but Chhipa paid to his pretensions of doing some fast scoring, as he clean bowled him. (85-2-1).

S. S. Jayawickrama, Ceylon's captain, came out to Gooneratne. Chhipa almost claimed the skipper's wicket, his first ball to him completely beating him—a narrow shave. Jayawickrama was responsible for 90 being credited to Ceylon. He drove Chhipa past cover for three. Chhipa had his revenge, after badly beating Jayawickrama with his next delivery, he tempted the batsman to play forward to his next ball. A deceptive ball got past the bat and Engineer had him stumped, (91-4-3). Ceylon were badly placed now. The sixth man coming to the crease was A. H. Gooneratne. He was fortunate to continue batting as Chhipa with his first ball, all but dislodged his bats. Chhipa, the Bombay University and Gujarat bowler, was proving of sterling value, as he was bowling really well. Deodhar, however, took Chhipa off at 96 surprisingly. The only cause fans could attribute to the change was that Chhipa's stamina did not allow for long spells of bowling. Saeed Ahmed took the ball from Chhipa. He gave five runs away in his first over and the century was hoisted in 113 minutes. At this stage G. Gooneratne was travelling to his individual fifty. He had not achieved this at lunch. At this juncture Ceylon stood with 105. G. Gooneratne had 47 and A. H. Gooneratne 4.

Chhipa opened with the ball first. A. H. Gooneratne faced him, four byes and a single by the batsman gave Ceylon 110. At Church Gate end Sohoni took the ball. Chhipa was only allowed one over. Nayudu was asked to relieve him. Only a single was conceded. G. Gooneratne caused A. H. Gooneratne's dismissal at 113. The former put the ball towards mid-on and called on "A. H." to sneak a run. The latter took a late start, Sohoni meanwhile sprinted to the ball and threw in correctly to Engineer, the latter gathered the ball well and broke the wicket before A. H. Gooneratne was home (113-5-6).

The new-comer was F. W. R. Porritt. He was definitely in difficulties, but opened his score with a boundary off Nayudu. G. Gooneratne, who is proving very consistent in India so far, also with a boundary off Nayudu reached his fifty. He had now been batting 116 minutes.

Runs were coming in steadily and 130 was peaked before the first half hour had elapsed. At 134 Chhipa was brought on vice Sohoni. Gooneratne drove his third ball straight to the off screen and reached his individual 60. G. Gooneratne was now a favourite with the stands as he was powerful in dealing with the bowling and fans were awarding him with ample applause. Porritt, though scoring, was not too sure of himself. Porritt, however, with a single of Chhipa gave Ceylon 140. Ceylon had now been batting 159 minutes. Gooneratne reached 70 at 2-15 p.m.

Saeed Ahmed relieved Nayudu at 149. He allowed Porritt three which raised Ceylon's 150, attained in 165 minutes. Four runs later Porritt departed, after giving Ceylon 19. His effort was varied at times he was definitely unsteady, yet, at times he was responsible for a number of confident and perfect strokes. Chhipa was responsible for his dismissal, clean bowling him (154-6-19).

M. Kelaart was the new comer and had Engineer not failed to hold him off the first ball he received, Chhipa would have taken two wickets off successive balls. Chhipa eventually ended Kelaart's career. This time Engineer obliged behind the wickets (158-7-0).

M. O. Gooneratne joined G. Gooneratne. Ceylon reached 160 and then 170 while the last named batsman was beyond his individual 80.

Nayudu was allowed another spell of bowling at 170 from the Club end. M. O. Gooneratne cut

Nayudu for four to send 180 on the telegraph board.

Engineer's Poor Keeping. Immediately after Nayudu was definitely unlucky, Engineer was guilty of a deplorable bit of wicket keeping. G. Gooneratne (86) got well out of his crease the ball got past, Engineer was unable to gather a soft thing, stumping the batsman was out of the question. Hazare was given the ball at 183, Chhipa being relieved. The change of pace in the bowling did not cause any sensation. G. Gooneratne was no respecter of India's attack and with a brace of Nayudu took his total to 90. M. O. Gooneratne had passed 20. A single and a snick off Hazare that gave him four, raised his score to 95 and put up 200 for Ceylon in 217 minutes.

200 Hoisted Two hundred and one saw the new batsman requisitioned and Saeed Ahmed was put in charge at the Club end. His fourth ball took M. O. Gooneratne's middle stump. This batsman had given his side a useful 22. B. Navaratne with G. Gooneratne formed the penultimate association. He was off the mark immediately and drove the third ball Hazare sent down to him past cover for four. Saeed Ahmed was in high revel with the new ball. He robbed G. Gooneratne off his century, when the batsman was four short of this figure. G. Gooneratne had impressed, but had Engineer stumped him soon after he came out, off Nayudu, the batsman would have left with a 15. Engineer again caused time, he failed to stump Gooneratne, with the latter at 86. However, the batsman's innings was of sterling value to Ceylon. W. L. Mendis was above able to eclipse his work at the crease (206-3-96). G. Gooneratne reached the boundary six times and batted 207 minutes.

The last association was between D. S. Jayasundera and Navaratne. The latter reached double figures when he powerfully drove Hazare past the bowler. Ceylon's tall had some wag in it, and the last pair went for the bowling they had raised the total at tea to 227 from 201. Navaratne was batting with 17 and Jayasundera had collected seven.

CEYLON'S 234 ALL OUT After tea Chhipa and Nayudu were put in charge of the attack and it was the first named bowler, who ended Ceylon's innings, clean bowling Jayasundera with the fourth ball of his second over. This made Chhipa the man of the day. He closed with the following great figures:

O.	M.	R.	W.
17.4	2	38	5

Ceylon's innings closed at 234. Jayasundera left with 8 and Navaratne remained unbeaten with 23.

INDIA 82 FOR 1.

The India XI opened at 4-5 p.m. with Vijay Merchant and S. W. Sohoni. Jayasundera was given the ball first. Vijay cut the bowler's first ball for a brace. Jayasundera gave Merchant and Sohoni another single each. M. Kelaart was given charge of the attack at the Club end. Merchant with a late cut off Kelaart put up ten, he got four off this stroke, all run. The innings was 15 minutes old. When the score was eleven Vijay had scored ten and Sohoni one.

An early change in Ceylon's bowling was made. At 15, Jayawickrama, the Ceylon Captain, put himself on, and Sohoni took a single. Then Merchant, saluted Ceylon's skipper, by driving him past mid-off for four and then took a single. Jayawickrama in his first over yielded nine runs in all.

The batsmen had no qualms and thirty three runs were put up in the first half hour. Merchant's share now was 21.

M. O. Gooneratne was a change in the bowling at 36. The new bowler allowed a single. Then Merchant punished Kelaart, by driving him all way to the Club House and put up forty. This was forty in forty minutes. M. O. Gooneratne was guilty of an error, when he sent down a leg ball to Merchant, the batsman, treated his pet ball by putting it away for four and reached his thirty in forty-five minutes play.

Porritt was put on at 48, Sohoni lustily hit the bowler's first ball to the off boundary. This gave India 50 in 46 minutes. Porritt, however, proved this batsman's undying clean bowling Sohoni (52-1-18).

H. K. Adhikari was No. 3 in Merchant at this phase came opposite M. O. Gooneratne and delighted the stands by putting him away three times to the boundary. This took India past 60. Merchant was 45, with eight fours to his credit. Exactly after an hour's play India had scored 75, and Merchant had reached his (Continued on page 11, col. 3)



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OUR PATRONS
for their continued patronage and increasing confidence in our work;

OUR SUPPLIERS
for enabling us to improve the quality of our products;

OUR FELLOW WORKERS
for their cordial co-operation and persistent efforts to satisfy our customers and wish to all

A BRIGHT NEW YEAR!

Bata



Did you **MACLEAN**
your teeth to-day?

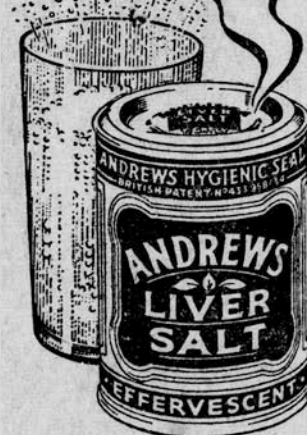


My hat, I did

British To The Teeth



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YOU ARE more than ever thankful when the children keep well and happy. Their first rule of health, like yours, should be Inner Cleanliness. A regular glass of sparkling Andrews' Liver Salt will do for the children, pleasantly and safely, exactly what it does for you.

- FIRST** . . Andrews cleans and refreshes the mouth and tongue.
- NEXT** . . Andrews settles the stomach and corrects acidity, the chief cause of indigestion.
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- FINALLY** . . To complete your Inner Cleanliness, Andrews gently clears the bowels, dispelling all trouble-making poisons, cooling and purifies the blood.

Get a tin of Andrews today. Take some yourself and give the children some. The Inner Cleanliness must keep clean inside. Andrews for Inner Cleanliness brings to little systems, will rid them of the causes of stomach, liver and weather upsets. It's only common sense, isn't it? Buy a tin of Andrews for Inner Cleanliness today.

For Inner Cleanliness, be regular with your

ANDREWS
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SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY'S RACES

By "Orr"

The Perth Plate in to-day's New Year Day Racing at Mahaluxmi has attracted only a small field of five, more than seven horses standing down from the handicapped stage.

Retort a forward runner in his previous outings should relish the distance and I expect him to score from Mona Liza.

The following are the selections for the day:

1st Race: 1-45 p.m.
WAFI HAMID .. 1
KHALAF NASSAF .. 2
FARAJ ALLAH .. F

2nd Race: 2-15 p.m.
NIGHT REVELLER .. 1
SILK APRON .. 2
VALENTIA JINKS .. F

3rd Race: 2-45 p.m.
AJINKYA TARA .. 1
DHIB AL SAHRA' .. 2
LION OF LANKA .. F

4th Race: 3-15 p.m.
RETORT .. 1
MONA LIZA .. 2
MARATHA EMPEROR .. F

5th Race: 3-45 p.m.
SAMMY BRASS .. 1
KILCASH .. 2
HAND BELL .. F

6th Race: 4-15 p.m.
STAR OF BARODA .. 1
EAGER TIT .. 2
ZENITH .. F

7th Race: 4-45 p.m.
LORDS .. 1
LOVEABLE .. 2
WILLIAM .. F

8th Race: 5-15 p.m.
SO THAT'S THAT .. 1
DICK TAPPER .. 2
ROYAL MARCHER .. F

9th Race: 5-45 p.m.
SNAPPER .. 1
STAR OF LANKA .. 2
GAURI SHANKER .. F

DAILY DOUBLE:
AJINKYA TARA, STAR OF BARODA.

DAILY TREBLE:
SAMMY BRASS, LORDS, SO THAT'S THAT.

Tennis

E. I. L. CHAMPIONSHIP FINAL

CALCUTTA, Dec. 31. In the final of the men's open singles of the East India Lawn Tennis Championships, S. L. R. Sawhney beat J. M. Mehta (6-1, 6-4, 6-0). Their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Marchioness of Linlithgow and His Excellency the Governor of Bengal and the Lady Mary Herbert witnessed the match.—A. P.

CHEST COLDS

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Open Half Fare.

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RANJI TROPHY HYDERABAD OUT FOR 98

Madras Make 210 For 4 Wickets In Second Knock

MADRAS, Dec. 31. When the Ranji Trophy match between Hyderabad and Madras was resumed this morning the visitors, who had lost two wickets yesterday, collapsed and were all out for 98 at 12.30 p.m. Ramsingh was most effective, returning an analysis of 5 wickets for 30 runs.

At close of play to-day Madras in their 2nd innings had made 210 runs for 4 wickets.

HYDERABAD: 1ST INNINGS
Isa Khan, b Ramsingh 1
Dittia, st. Doraiswami, b Ramsingh 20
Asadullah, b Ramsingh 20
Mehta, c Johnston, b Rangachari, b Ramsingh 2
Albara, c Rangachari, b Ramsingh 17
Patel, st. Doraiswami, b Venkatesan 20
S. M. Eadi, st. Doraiswami, b Ramsingh 2
Zahuruddin, c Rangachari, b Ramsingh 3
Bharat Chand (not out) 22
Ghulam Ahmed, lb.w., b Venkatesan 1
Bhoojathi, st. Doraiswami, b Krishna Rao 6
Extras 8
Total 98

BOWLING ANALYSIS O.M.R.W.
Ramsingh 1 2 0
Rangachari 17 6 30 6
Venkatesan 8 2 20 1
Krishna Rao 3 0 2 1
MADRAS: 2ND INNINGS
M. Swaminathan, b Bharat Chand 24
C. P. Johnston, b Bharat Chand 15
A. G. Ramasingh, c Isa Khan, b Bhu. pathi 63
R. K. Nallur (not out) 73
C. Ramaswami, c Dittia, b Bhupathi 2
A. J. Gopalan (not out) 24
Extras 11
Total (for 4 wickets) 210

FALL OF WICKETS
17 for 1; 93 for 2; 97 for 3 and 121 for 4—A. P.

RANJI TROPHY North Zone

LAHORE, Dec. 31. The match between Northern India Cricket Association and Southern Punjab in the North Zone of the Ranji Trophy will be played in Lahore on January 11, 12 and 13. The N. I. C. A. Selection Committee at a meeting selected the following players to represent the Association: Amir Hussain, B. Hindu Shah, Ahmad Khan, Agha Sarfaraz, Gul Mohammad, Ramzan, Nasir Mohd., Jagbir Lal, Habibullah and Fiaz Parkash. Reserves: B. G. N. Eveleigh, Agha Ahmad Raza and Mohd. Sharif.—A. P.

Commentary On Calcutta Cricket

CALCUTTA, Dec. 31. The Calcutta Station of All-India Radio will broadcast on both waves (370.4 and 31.48 metres), a running commentary on the cricket match between H. E. the Viceroy's Eleven, and H. E. the Governor's Eleven, to be held on the 3rd, 4th and 5th January at the Eden Gardens. The timings for these commentaries which will be given by Mr. Bertie Meyer, are as follows:—12.4 p.m. to 12.40 p.m. (I.S.T.) Lunch hour score. 3.55 p.m. to 4.40 p.m. (I.S.T.) Tea-time score.

The two teams are:—VICEROY'S ELEVEN—Maharaja of Patiala (Capt.), L. Amarnath, Amir Elahi, Vinoo Mankad, Prince Indrajit Singh, Mahomed Nissar, D. D. Hindlekar, Murrat Hussain, Mohd. Saeed, Raja Bhalinder Singh, Nazir Ali, Qamaruddin (12th man). GOVERNOR'S ELEVEN—Nawab of Patiala (Capt.), Major C. K. Naidu, Dr. Jehangir Khan, A. G. Ramasingh, P. E. Falls, T. C. Longfield, P. I. Vander Gucht, S. Banerjee, K. Bose, K. Bhattacharjee, N. Chatterjee, Mushtaq Ali (12th man).—A. P.

East India Lawn Tennis Final

CALCUTTA, Dec. 31. In the Mixed Double final of the East India Lawn Tennis Championships played this afternoon Sawhney and Mrs. Cargin beat J. M. Mehta and Mrs. Footitt: 6/5, 6/2. H. E. the Marchioness of Linlithgow gave away the trophies.—A. P.

VISITORS MAKE 234 IN FIRST KNOCK

(Continued from page 10) half century with a ninth boundary off Porritt. Kelaart was given a second spell of bowling at 75. Eighty was reached at 5-10 p.m. Five minutes later the first day's play closed with India at 82. Merchant had scored a brilliant 52 and Adhikari stood with nine.

CEYLON (1st Innings)
W. L. Mendis c Deodhar b C. S. Nayudu 42
F. Fuller b Saeed Ahmed 3
G. Gooneratne b Saeed Ahmed 96
R. A. K. Solomons b Chhipa 3
S. S. Jayawickrama st Engineer, b Chhipa 3
A. H. Gooneratne (run out) 19
F. W. E. Porritt, b Chhipa 6
M. Kelaart c Engineer, b Chhipa 0
M. O. Gooneratne b Saeed Ahmed 22
B. Navaratne (not out) 23
D. S. Jayacundera b Chhipa 8
Extras 11
Total 234

Fall of wickets:—1/11; 2/80; 3/85; 4/91; 5/113; 6/154; 7/158; 8/201; 9/206; 10/234.

BOWLING ANALYSIS O. M. R. W.
Saeed Ahmed 19 3 49 3
Hazare 14 3 48 0
C. S. Nayudu 26 5 58 1
Sohoni 10 2 30 0
Chhipa 17.4 2 38 5

INDIAN XI (1st Innings)
V. M. Merchant, (not out) 52
S. W. Sohoni, b Porritt 18
H. K. Adhikari, (not out) 9
Extras 3
Total (for one wicket) 82

Fall of wickets: 1/52.

Mehta & Savor Beat Bose And Deo

CALCUTTA, Dec. 30. The following are the full results at the South Club Tennis Tournament to-day:—

MIXED DOUBLES (SEMI-FINAL)
J. M. Mehta and H. L. Boni beat Max Elmer and Ravik Kumar of Wankar 7/5, 11/9, 6/1.
MIXED DOUBLES (FINAL)
S. L. R. Sawhney and Mrs. Cargin beat V. Deo and Mrs. Bishop 6/1, 6/1.
LADIES' SINGLES (FINAL)
Mrs. Massey beat Miss Dutt 6/2, 6/2.
VETERANS' DOUBLES (FINAL)
L. Brooke Edwards and N. S. Iyer beat S. C. H. Meyer and H. Brock 6/2, 8/6.

Aurangabad College Tournaments

(From A Correspondent.) Following are the results:—HOCKEY: Islamia High School Secunderabad v. Collegiate High School Aurangabad 4-2. FOOTBALL: City College v. Parbhani 4-0. Osmania University v. City College 2-1. TENNIS: Vizart v. Alimohamed one set all 8-6 in the third set. CHICKEN: Dyakar Eleven v. Nasik inning defeat to Nasik.

BARODA Y.M.C.A. SPORTS MEET

(From A Correspondent.) BARODA: (By Mail.) Mr. Angelo Moses, Sports Secretary of the Baroda Y.M.C.A., organized a successful Christmas Sports Meet last Saturday on the regimental parade grounds in the Cantonment. Besides the usual races for boys and girls, there were a number of amusing items. The thread-and-needle race, the three-legged race, the walking race and the tug-of-war provided considerable amusement. "Musical Arms" was another item, which was enjoyed by competitors and spectators alike. Mrs. Cunningham (wife of Lt.-Col. Cunningham, Officer Commanding the Station) gave away the prizes.

LUNCH TO INDUSTRIAL WORKERS

(From A Correspondent.) AGRA: (By Mail.) The many-sided progress and expansion of the industrial activities of Dayalbagh have now brought into bolder relief the welfare measures taken by the authorities providing general amenities of life to the workers engaged in the various factories and workshops of the Colony. One remarkable event in this connection took place on the 27th December last, when a special lunch was given on behalf of the management to all the workers, men and women and it was a most inspiring sight to see more than 3,000 persons seated together to partake of the feast on the spacious dining platform, females sitting on one side, and the males on the other, with Mehraj Sahab and officers of the Industrial departments occupying the centre. A spirit of complete brotherhood was in evidence as a Hindu sat shoulder to shoulder with a Muslim co-worker or a Punjabi ate his sumptuous fare merrily with a Madras as his close neighbor.

It may be of interest to note that the Radhasomai Satsang Sabha has also provided several other amenities to these workers, among them being hospital and maternity benefits at a nominal charge, facilities for physical culture under qualified instructors, free adult literacy evening classes, free milk feeds to the underfed children of industrial workers, grant of scholarships and stipends to the deserving children, free swimming baths in summer, spacious hotel and common mess for single men, and cosy well-planned and electrically-lighted residential quarters for those with families, besides periodical entertainments on the occasions of communal festivals. A workers' welfare fund has recently been established for meeting such expenses for the amelioration of the condition of these workers.

New Aeronautical Finding Station

KARACHI, Dec. 30. It is understood that a provision of Rs. 1,04,000 is being made by Central Government in the budget of 1941-42 for an aeronautical finding station at Jacobabad in Upper Sind. The proposed station will deal with wireless messages required for the safety and regularity of aircraft flying on the Karachi-Lahore route. These will be exchanged between the proposed ground station at Jacobabad and the existing stations at Karachi, as well as with aircraft in flight when, and if, they are fitted with wireless telegraphy apparatus.

SCANDINAVIA UNDER THE SHADOW

(Continued from Page 6)

ing in; it has become a co-ruler. If Sweden is still independent, this may merely be due to the fact that Germany and Russia have not as yet made any final dispositions. This decision, however, is a matter of the future Sweden's ore, her arms, gold, foodstuffs, ships, railroads and industrial establishments are equally desirable to Hitler and Stalin. If either or both have their way, even if there is no actual military conquest, Sweden will be within the dictatorial orbit.

By no means does this imply that the Swedish people have abandoned efforts to maintain their standards of democracy and independence. What they are up against in this endeavour is shown by the tactics of the extensive and elaborate Fifth Column which exists, centre of which is the German Consulate General in Stockholm. If there is any doubt of the part being played by the Consulate, convincing evidence was provided in the case of

one Herr Friedrich Stengel, chairman of the Swedish section of the German Nazi Party. Stengel was to be arrested by the Swedish police. He was manager of the Elektroskandia Electrical Corporation, which supplied all Swedish airports with signal equipment. He had managed to obtain plans and sketches of most Swedish airports, of which he sent to Berlin. Doasters of not less than 150 pages on his espionage activities were handed to the police. When Swedish authorities, however, wanted to arrest the man, he had by that time been added to the staff of the German Legation and thus enjoyed diplomatic immunity. Similar cases have occurred and are occurring constantly. Thus Captain Herman Bopst was put under the sudden protection of diplomatic immunity when his seditious endeavours became a matter of public knowledge. He had been in connivance with Hermann Pfug-Hartung, spearhead of the German Marine Espionage Service in Denmark, who had previously murdered the German Socialist suffragist Rosa Luxemburg in the post-war revolutionary days.

Only one case of "Nazi diploma-

tic espionage" could be made a test by the Swedish authorities. This was upon the appointment of Herr Alexander Bogs, former Nazi Storm Troop leader, as German Consul in Malmoe. Bogs was discovered photographing coastal and harbour points in the neighbourhood of Ystad and was beaten up in the open by the Malmoe chief of the fire brigade. This, however, may not prevent the triumphant return of Herr Bogs to the scene of his crime, in line with the case of Herr Abetz, one-time Nazi Fifth Columnist leader in France, and now Nazi Ambassador in Paris. Puzzling is the case of Sven Hedin, prominent Tibet explorer, partly of Jewish blood, who continues his monthly visits to Adolf Hitler and pursues a line of his own, negotiating—so many Swedes believe—with the Reich on the fate of Scandinavia, behind the back of the Swedish Government. It is he who supplied von Ribbentrop regularly with inside tips, using the medium of Goering's Swedish brother-in-law, Count von Rosen and his sister, Countess Fanny Willamowitz Moellendorf.—"Nofrontier News Service."

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DISABILITIES OF MAN-HOOD

Innumerable advertisements, continue to appear for sexual diseases. So much praise is lavished on the medicines advertised, that if all, that is said, were true, all weak men in the world should have been by now completely rejuvenated. What embrocation, (Tilas)! Instantaneous effect after application and life long recovery! Tonics and aphrodisiacs such, as would electrify within half an hour and make one a new man within 24 hours. Praises such as these tempt people, who continue to send for medicines and wonder as to why no effect or benefit is to be seen. On the contrary they are sometimes harmed. There are a useful medicines too, but not so efficacious as claimed. Unusually praises concerning very ordinary medicine, sometimes astonish us. Some persons are advertising one "Kushta Faulad" and in its praise there is a mention of our Proprietor, Pt. Thakur Datta Sharma Vaidya to the effect that Panditji had some years back made an announcement that a reward of Rs. 1,000 would be paid to any person who produces a prescription better than that of Kushta Faulad, but so far nobody has been able to win that reward. The particular prescription is, no doubt, a good one, but the story is wrong. Here in our Pharmacy it is sold under the name of "Kushta Faulad" 1st quality at Rs. 5 per tola. But in addition we have superior Kushtas, of Faulad, viz., special quality, Rs. 20 and again Rs. 100 and also Rs. 1,000 per tola. To speak of other medicines of our pharmacy, we have over a hundred and twenty five such tonics and embrocations (Tilas) always ready in stock, for different constitutions, different ailments and of different prices. We do not, however, like to talk of them in such high terms, as some others would of a Kushta worth Rs. 5 per tola. It is in winter season that tonics are generally used. We, therefore, give below a few tonics and hereby inform those, who are in need of them, not to knock hither and thither, but select a medicine suited to them from among these and use it. They are prepared under the supervision of a physician, specialising in the treatment of sex-disorders, Pandit Thakur Datta Sharma Vaidya of Amritdhara fame. Detailed catalogue of medicines and a special book "Perfect Man" can be had free for the asking.

AKSIR NO. 99.—This is a great tonic and a specific for sex weakness, debility and loss of manhood. Those, whose nerves have gone very weak, should use it. The very first dose shows its effect and within a few days energy and vitality begin to course through the body. Greater appetite is felt and milk and ghee begin to be easily digested. Price Rs. 2 for 7 pills, Rs. 7 for 28 pills.

TILA NO. 14.—While using the above medicine this embrocation should be used externally by those, who have local defect too. No other advertised embrocation can equal this one. Price Rs. 3 for half phial.

KIRAN JAWANI. This is an allround constitutional & general tonic. It works slowly but is capable of vitalising all the organs and glands and maintaining youthfulness or making old people feel young. It nourishes the brain, tones up the heart and a steady regeneration of manliness is felt day by day. In winter it keeps you safe from colds etc. It reddens the complexion by enriching the blood. It works also as a laxative and cures ailments of old age just as gout, rheumatism, backache, asthma etc. Price Re. 1 for 24 pills, Rs. 4 for 100 pills. Special quality Rs. 3 for 24 pills, Rs. 12 for 100 pills.

AKSIR NO. 34.—For Spermatorrhoea patients. One pill of this may be taken every morning and evening with milk, tea or water. Price Aksir No. 34 (a) Rs. 2 for 32 pills; and Aksir No. 34 (b) Rs. 5 for 32 pills. Aksir No. 34 (b) contains gold, silver, pearls, musk etc. and therefore it is also a tonic for all vital organs. Note.—In case albumen, phosphates, Kyla (something white like lime) is passing, 2 pills of Aksir No. 34 should be taken at one time and 2 pills of Aksir No. 31 should be taken with aqua aniseed, at other time. Aksir No. 31 is a specific for 20 Parmehs.

AKSIR NO. 39.—For producing and enriching vital fluid. Those who would like a medicine to be at the same time a nourishing food may use this Aksir. It is made into a pudding by cooking one tola of it in milk. It can be taken in the morning or at bed time. It nourishes the whole body and also strengthens it. It also produces the vital fluid and enriches it. Price Rs. 2 for 1/2 lb. sample -[8]- Those desirous of greater energy may also use Kiran Jawani along with this at one time.

DATTA MAKARDHWAJ VATI NO. 3.—Those suffering from the diseases mentioned under Aksir No. 4 and who can easily spend more should use Aksir No. 4 in the morning and Datta Makardhwaj Vati No. 3 in the afternoon. This medicine is also a great tonic. Two pills of this taken in the afternoon show both effects on the very day. It does not however contain any intoxicating drug like Opium, Dhatura, etc. These may be always kept and used whenever desired in the afternoon. It will give you the feeling of satisfaction. Price for 16 pills Rs. 8, 2 pills Re. 1.

AKSIR NO. 4.—For nocturnal diurnal premature emissions. Persons with weak vitality and devitalised fluids suffering from Spermatorrhoea, etc., should use this Aksir. Polyuria in young age is also cured by it. One pill every morning and evening with milk is enough. Price for 34 pills Rs. 2, 32 pills Re. 1. AKSIR NO. 45.—For low vitality and retention,—when both are low and there is weakness, this medicine should be used. It is made in powder form. It should be taken one masha in the morning and evening for at least a month. Price Re. 1 for 1 tola.

AKSIR NO. 98.—Momsik, for occasional use.—Certain persons suffer from premature emissions terribly. They require temporary relief until they are fully cured but they are generally harmful, constipating and make the head heavy and the body slack. In some cases they rob the person of strength completely. This medicine has been specially prepared for such persons different to other such medicines. It is a great tonic along with being a retentive. It does not constipate, and, daily used, will gradually increase manliness and retentive power. Price 4 pills Re. 1.

BHASMAS or KUSHTAS

BANG BHASMA (Kushta Kalai).—It enriches the vital fluid and cures urinary diseases. Price Rs. 2 per tola. Special quality Rs. 10 per tola. SHINGRAF BHASMA.—A great tonic. Price Rs. 10 per tola, special quality Rs. 100 per tola. GOLD BHASMA (Kushta Sona).—It strengthens the organs. Price Rs. 80 per tola, 2nd quality (mixed with pearls) Rs. 40 per tola. TRIDHATA BHASMA (Tin, zinc and lead).—It cures ejaculatory praecox, Spermatorrhoea. It is also a tonic. Price Rs. 4 per tola. FAULAD BHASMA (Steel).—Tonic, produces and enriches blood and cures ejaculatory praecox. Price Rs. 2 1/2. First quality Rs. 5, Special quality Rs. 20 per tola. SILVER BHASMA (Kushta Chandi).—It cures low retention and spermatorrhoea. It is a tonic for the heart. Price Rs. 8 per tola. SAPT BHATA BHASMA.—It is a unique medicine for thickening the vital fluid and curing ejaculatory praecox spermatorrhoea. Price Rs. 4 per tola.

NOTE:—These and various other Bhasmas are prepared by us. Catalogue can be had free.

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Nazi Troops Pour Into Italy & Rumania

Will Entire France Be Occupied?

Hitler May Give Battle To British Forces In Western Desert HUGE TROOPS CONCENTRATION AT DUSSELDORF

BELGRADE, Dec. 31.—GERMAN TROOPS MOVEMENTS ON A BIG SCALE ARE CONFIRMED BY THE LATEST INFORMATION FROM GERMANY AVAILABLE HERE. LARGE NUMBERS OF TROOPS HAVE BEEN MOVED DOWN TO RUMANIA WHILE THE TROOPS CONCENTRATED IN AUSTRIA ARE SAID TO HAVE BEEN MOVED TO FRANCE. SEVERAL DIVISIONS ARE SAID TO HAVE CROSSED THE BRENNER INTO ITALY, WHILE ANOTHER DIVISION HAS BEEN SENT TO TRIESTE.

These reports have lent colour to beliefs, that, on the one hand, Germany intends to occupy the unoccupied part of France, and on the other, to take an active part in the fighting on the Albanian front or in Libya.

German troops bound for Rumania are now monopolising the Hungarian railway system and include, according to reliable Vienna sources, one complete German mechanised division.

The dispatch of German troops to Rumania is ascribed to the uncertain internal situation in Rumania rather than to offensive intentions.

Railway Traffic To Be Reduced

A recent dispatch from Bucharest reports that from January 1 Rumanian railway traffic will be reduced by at least 50 per cent and this is presumably connected with the German troop movements.

Six large hotels in Bucharest have been evacuated by order of the authorities and placed at the disposal of the German military authorities.

Some reports state that by the end of March the number of German troops in Rumania will be increased to four hundred thousand. Other reports state that very shortly 20 German divisions will have arrived in Rumania. These troops, it is suggested are being withdrawn from the western front.

According to reports from Imsoara, a large number of German troops have been arriving there since Saturday. It is stated at Imsoara, that these troops will proceed to the Bulgarian frontier. New German concentrations are reported to be particularly strong in the Rumanian part of Transylvania.

Report Confirmed

The presence of German troops in Italy is confirmed in several quarters. There are also, it is stated, German planes at

Brindisi and Bari, some of them belonging to the Condor Division, which specialises in troop transport.

There is daily rail transport to Italy of aeroplanes, tanks, arms and munitions, small tanks, torpedoes, speedboats and submarines.

Nazis May Occupy Rest Of France

TROOP MOVEMENTS FROM AUSTRIA AND FRANCE ARE REPORTED AND LINKED UP WITH A RUMOUR THAT GERMANY IS GOING TO OCCUPY THE REST OF FRANCE.

The greatest concentration of troops has been at Dusseldorf and a neighbouring town from where troops have been sent to northern France. Propaganda within Germany recently has been busy reporting that a general attack on England will be made shortly which will bring the war to a victorious end for Germany.

The aim of this propaganda appears to be to stiffen the morale of the German public which is stated to have greatly weakened.—Reuter.

NEW FLYING CLUB FOR BIHAR

To Train 10 Candidates For Indian Air Force

PATNA, Dec. 30.—With three planes expected to arrive here in a day or two from Delhi, the Bihar Flying Club will begin functioning by the first week of January.

The club will also take up immediately the training of 10 candidates selected by the Government of India for the Indian Air Force reserve.

It is understood the club will be formally opened by the Governor of Bihar in the last week of January.—A. P.

TAMIL NAD'S CONFIDENCE IN MAHATMA

TAMISORE, Dec. 30.—A resolution expressing the complete confidence of the people of Tamilnad in Mahatma Gandhi and calling upon them to follow the Mahatma's lead with complete confidence and perfect discipline was passed by the Tamilnad Provincial Conference, which met here to-day under the presidency of Mr. V. M. Obeldullah.

Other resolutions asked the people of Tamilnad to carry out the constructive programme as laid down by Mahatma Gandhi and urged the people to give effect to the adult education scheme adumbrated by Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and to establish adult education centres in the villages.—A. P.

Preparations For Next Satyagraha Drive

(From Our Correspondent)

PATNA, Dec. 30.—It is reported Government have directed that Philwarshahi, Emergency Camp Jail should be ready immediately.

It may be recalled during the last Civil Disobedience campaign satyagrahis were lodged in the above camp jail. It is reported that the Speaker of Bihar Assembly, who is under medical treatment at present, may join the Satyagraha campaign shortly. Bihar's second list of nearly 500 Satyagrahis has already been sent for Mahatma's approval. The list includes a large number of Muslims.

Sentences Reduced On Appeal

GILLET, Dec. 30.—Sessions Judge of Sylhet, India, has reduced the sentences passed on appeal the case of a prominent member of the Forward Bloc. Chakravarti was sentenced to three months rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 50 under the Defence of India Rules for having 14 is alleged. He announced the holding of a public meeting. The Judge reduced the sentence of imprisonment to one month and four days and remitted the fine.—A. P.

Allahabad Congressman Arrested

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 30.—Mr. Ganesh Prasad Jaiswal, Secretary, City Congress Committee, Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Iran-Afghan Trade Talks

PESHAWAR, Dec. 30.—While no indication regarding the outcome of negotiations is so far available from Kabul it is learnt that the negotiations for a trade pact between Afghanistan and Iran are proceeding smoothly.

Two representatives of the Iranian Ministry of Finance are in Kabul holding parleys with the Afghan Ministry of Economic Affairs.

A report received to-day states that His Excellency Sardar Abul Majid Khan, Afghan Minister of Economic Affairs, entertained the Iranian Trade Delegation to a largely attended dinner at which, among others, the Iranian and Turkish Ambassadors were present.—A. P.

OUTLAW KILLED IN ENCOUNTER WITH VILLAGERS

PESHAWAR, Dec. 30.—Mohan Lal, a Hindu, was killed in an encounter with a village party on Tuesday. One of his companions was seriously wounded. The outlaw was also killed but the Muslim zamindar who was believed to have been in the party was not killed.—A. P.

Kidnapped And Released

PESHAWAR, Dec. 30.—While returning from Tank to Garh Mithu, two persons were waylaid by a gang of unknown thieves and were kidnapped. They were, however, released the same night when it was discovered that they were Muslims.—A. P.

KILLED BECAUSE HE WAS TOO WEAK?

BANNU, Dec. 30.—Jivraj, who was kidnapped with some others on December 24 from a taxi on the Banu-Kohat main road, is reported to have been put to death by tribal bandits as he was too weak to keep pace with them.—A. P.

MISSING BODY FOUND IN SUKUR

SUKUR, Dec. 31.—A dead body wrapped in a sack, presumably of Khanshand, a jeweller, missing since December 12 from Sukur, was found in a well near the village of Awar. It is stated that on the indictment of a Muslim barber Khanshand took some ornaments for sale. Investigation is proceeding.—United Press.

Five Gassed To Death

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 31.—Five youngmen belonging to Vapara community have been gassed to death according to a report received here from Ranoli, a village near Baroda.

It is stated that these five young men were sleeping over a lime kiln owing to intense cold in the village. They were found to be suffering from coal gas poisoning in the morning and were removed to hospital where they died.

Three beggars were also found dead on the footpaths here yesterday. The police believe that they died of exposure to severe cold at night.—United Press.

NATIONAL PLANNING COMMITTEE

Next Meeting To Be Held In Easter

CALCUTTA, Dec. 31.—Mr. K. T. Shah, General Secretary of the Indian National Planning Committee, has fixed in consultation with Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru, the Chairman, the next meeting of the Committee to be held during the coming Easter holidays.

Mr. Shah interviewed in the Delhi and District Jail, Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru who wishes very much that the work of the Planning Committee should not be held up because of his enforced absence. The reports so far submitted to the Committee, 14 are final, 12 of these have been considered by the Committee. The remaining 2 will be considered at the next meeting. Of the rest 10 are interim reports which are to be completed by the time of the next meeting.—United Press.

American Tribute To Osmania University

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Dec. 31.—Mr. C. C. Jordan, American Consul General, who arrived here with his wife on a short visit, interviewed by the "United Press" prior to his departure for Madras said: "Hyderabad is a progressive city. The project of the University is very inspiring and fully carried out. It will be one of the best universities in the world."

Mr. Jordan also paid a visit to the Ajanta and Ellora caves. He said that although he was not an artist he was astonished to note the marvellous skill, beauty and paintings displayed by the ancient India. Mr. Jordan also paid compliments to the Hyderabad Government for taking great care in preserving these valuable paintings.—United Press.

Millions Will Die To Prevent India Being Split

"PAKISTAN, A WILD DREAM"

Kunwar Maharaj Singh Thunders Against Govt Policy Of Distrust

LUCKNOW, Dec. 30.—"THE REMORSELESS NAZI AGGRESSION AND ITS CONTEMPT FOR THE IDEALS OF DEMOCRACY" WERE STRONGLY CONDEMNED BY KUNWAR SIR MAHARAJ SINGH WELCOMING THE DELEGATES TO THE ALL-INDIA CONFERENCE OF INDIAN CHRISTIANS WHICH OPENED HERE THIS MORNING.

He stressed that Indians could not be indifferent to the war and urged that we must give our support to the Allies and that this assistance should be of a practical and effective nature.

Referring to the present unrest in India, Sir Maharaj Singh criticised the policy of distrust pursued by the British Government, who, he said, had neglected to Indianise the army or prepare us adequately against attacks by land, sea and air.

The British Government, he said, had blundered by not declaring at the outbreak of war that India would attain Dominion Status within a very early and definite period after its close; a pronouncement of this kind would not only have obtained the present situation, but also led to a feeling of responsibility among our leaders.

Willing To Part With Privileges

For the solution of the communal problem Sir Maharaj Singh suggested a conference of the various important interests in India and concluded by saying that the Christian community stood for a strong and indivisible India and

would willingly part with special electorates and special privileges. An appeal to India to be true to herself and do right thing by helping Britain in the war was made by Dr. D. B. Ranabhadra Rao of Bellary in the course of his presidential address to the All-India Conference of Indian Christians.

Wild Dream

Mr. Rao characterised Pakistan as a wild dream and said that he was certain that there were millions of national minded Christians, Muslims, Parsis, Jains and Sikhs who would work and die to prevent the motherland from being divided and sub-divided.

It was a pity, he said, that the Congress Governments had thrown up positions of responsibility, but it was a thousand pities that the British Government had stamped India into the war over the heads of accredited Governments of provinces without consulting them.

Mr. Rao pleaded for a definite time limit for the attainment of Dominion Status and ridiculed the argument of communal jealousies as "a cheap and a threadbare sneer".—A. P.

ANOTHER YEAR FOR KAMAL YAR JUNG COMMITTEE

POONA, Dec. 31.—The open session of the All-India Muslim Educational Conference resumed its deliberations to-night under the presidency of Nawab Kamal Yar Jung.

Maulvi Abul Hassan, retired Deputy Director of Public Instruction, Kashmir, submitted to the Conference the interim report of the Kamal Yar Jung Education Committee and sought the Conference's permission for an extension of an year's time to submit the final report of the Committee.

Prof A. B. A. Haleem (Allgarh), while thanking Nawab Kamal Yar Jung Bahadur expressed disappointment at the interim report. Dissatisfaction was also expressed by "Maulana" Karamally (Quekrow), Mr. Abdus Samad Rajasthani and Mr. Iqbal Hussain.

Maulvi Abul Hassan explained that in view of the immensity of the task the Committee was not able to finish its labours. He also said that the Committee did not get full co-operation of the people in the course of its tour.

Prof. Haleem (Allgarh) moved that the Committee should be given one more year's time to submit its report.

Mr. Chundriger seconded the motion.

After some discussion the reference adopted Prof. Haleem's motion.

Another resolution placed on record the thanks of the Conference to Nawab Kamal Yar Jung, Chairman of the Committee, was passed with acclamation.

After adopting the resolutions passed at the meetings, the Session of the first All-India Muslim Educational Conference closed to-night.—A. P.

The Half-Column "Dim"

Ring out the Old, Ring in the New.

I'd like to see four things happen in this country during this year, besides the larger issues of peace, self-government, etc. They are:

- (1) A gigantic Youth Conference for All-India, over which a young man would preside.
- (2) An employment bureau for every province.
- (3) The re-organisation of Parsi Charities.
- (4) The end of the Pentangular.

Misprint somewhere in an A. P. message. "Sir Mirza Ismail could not attend the session due to 'imposition'." The session referred to was that of the World Conference.

Now what would you do with the Half-Column Year? I would like to see it in the thought of its readers.

a para, which along with will be the first of the year.

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day

HEAR THE BIRDIE SING

